

NEM Reform Program Scope

Statement of Scope

The Energy Security Board (ESB), in collaboration with the market bodies (AEMO, AEMC and AER), has set out a pathway to transition the national electricity market into a modern energy system fit to meet consumers' evolving wants and needs. The ESB's Post-2025 electricity market design addresses essential change in a world of expanding consumer choices, new technologies, and large-scale capital replacement as old thermal power stations leave the market.¹

Background & Context

The ESB provided its final advice to the Energy National Cabinet Reform Committee (National Cabinet) on 27 July 2021 in a manner that set out a pathway of reforms and a timetable for their implementation, towards the year 2025 and beyond. National Cabinet approved the Post-2025 reform recommendations on 29 October 2021.

In presenting its final advice, the ESB divided the work into four interrelated reform pathways:

- **Resource Adequacy Mechanisms (RAMS)**: Investment in the right mix of resources (generation, storage and demand response) is in place prior to anticipated plant closures, and plant exit does not cause significant price or reliability shocks to consumers through the transition
- **Essential System Services (ESS) and Ahead Mechanisms**: Resources and services are available when needed to manage the complexity of dispatch and to deliver a secure supply to customers.
- **Transmission and Access (TA)**: The network is capable of meeting the future demands of the power system, including providing for appropriate investment signals to support investment that can deliver the energy transition at lower cost.
- Integrating DER and Flexible Demand (DER & FD): New opportunities are created for consumers about how they receive and use energy and are rewarded for doing so flexibly.

The four pathways are complemented by a *Data Strategy* for the National Electricity Market (NEM), developed by the ESB, which recognises that digitalisation and data are critical to enabling each of the reform pathways.

With all the reforms in place, the NEM will²:

• allow consumers to benefit from rapidly changing technologies in our power system;

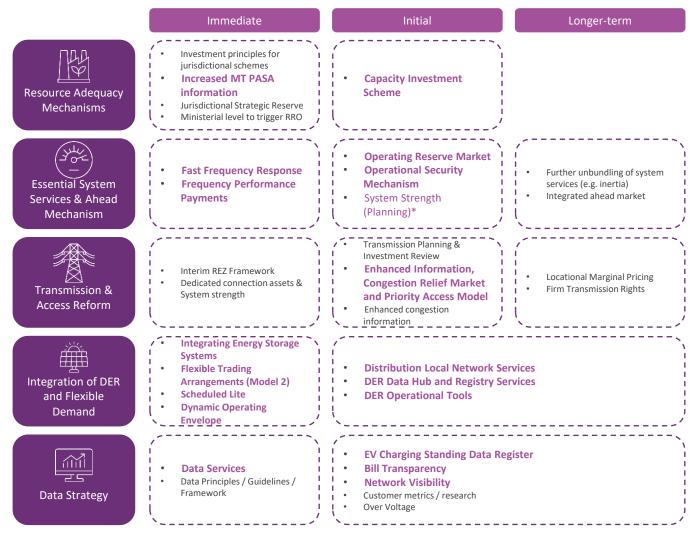
¹ Energy Security Board. Website. Last Accessed 13 May 2022. Available here <u>https://esb-post2025-market-design.aemc.gov.au/</u> ² Ibid.



- unlock the value of flexible demand and distributed energy resources;
- work alongside government schemes which are delivering on their policy commitments including emissions reduction; and
- provide clear signals for timely and efficient investment to deliver reliable, secure, and affordable electricity for consumers.

The ESB had identified three different time horizons – immediate, initial and longer-term – to provide its view of when each recommended reform should be implemented.

Figure 1. Summary of ESB Post-2025 market design recommendations



Note: Items in purple reflected in NEM Reform Program scope as further detailed below. * System Strength (Planning) is a TNSP led initiative.



NEM Reform Program: In-Scope Initiatives

One of the main enablers for many of the Post-2025 reforms is the development of supporting IT systems and business processes. An initial assessment of the impacts associated with the delivery of the reforms was prepared by AEMO and formed part of the ESB's final advice to Ministers.

AEMO has since undertaken a series of planning activities in conjunction with the Reform Delivery Committee³ (RDC) to better understand the scope and scale of the ESB's reform initiatives that need to be delivered as part of the NEM Reform Program.

From these planning activities AEMO and the RDC determined those Post-2025 reform initiatives selected for inclusion in the NEM Reform Program to:

- have multi-participant implementation actions; and
- require investment in IT systems or business processes across AEMO and/or market participants.

From the full scope of the ESB's final recommendations, a number of reform initiatives were identified to be included in the NEM Reform Program.

Table 1 below provides a summary for each of the initiatives

A NEM Reform Implementation Roadmap has been prepared in collaboration with the RDC which details an integrated timeline for implementing the reform initiatives that comprise the NEM Reform Program, as well as broader NEM and gas related reform initiatives.⁴

The scope of the initiatives is current as of March 2023 and the publication of the NEM Reform Implementation Roadmap. As policy and or rule changes evolve throughout the life of the program the scope of the initiatives will be revised and updated.

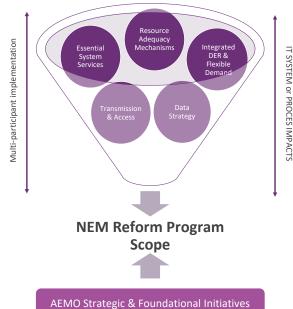


Table 1. NEM Reform Program In-Scope Initiatives

| Pathway Initiative Name | | Description | Status | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|
| Resource Adequacy Mechanism | Increased MT PASA Information | Establishing the reporting of a unit's status through reason codes via Medium Term Projected Assessment of System Adequacy (MT PASA) and reporting of recall times via MT PASA when triggered through a reason code. | Final Determination | |
| | Capacity Investment Scheme | Establish a national underwriting framework to drive investment in new renewable dispatchable capacity. | Under Policy Development | |
| Essential System Services | Operating Reserves Market | Unbundling reserves from energy to separately value flexible, responsive resources, through one or more new markets, and in doing so provide a separate and explicit signal for their provision. | Open Rule Change | |

³ The RDC brings together a strategic group of representatives from across the energy sector, including representatives from the AEMC and AER, to facilitate deep and effective collaboration to develop the NEM Reform Implementation Roadmap that appropriately prioritises and sequences reform implementation considering interdependencies with a least cost whole-of-system intent – ultimately for the benefit of the consumer. Further information on the RDC is available <u>here</u>.

Figure 2. Determining the NEM Reform Program

⁴ The NEM2025 Implementation Roadmap has been integrated with the Regulatory Implementation Roadmap and East Coast Gas Reform Implementation Roadmap to form the NEM Reform Implementation Roadmap available at the RDC section of AEMO's website <u>here</u>.



| Pathway | Initiative Name | Description | Status |
|--|---|--|--|
| | Frequency Performance Payments | To implement a new Frequency Performance Payment system for Regulation FCAS (to replace existing 'Causer Pays' system) to which will provide incentives for participants to support frequency stability | Final Determination |
| | Fast Frequency Response | Establish two new market ancillary services – very fast raise and very fast lower – to operate alongside the existing contingency FCAS markets. | Final determination |
| | Operational Security Mechanism | Provide a valuation, procurement and scheduling process for ESS by producing a least-cost, inter-temporal optimised dispatch schedule which considers attendant technical constraints and costs for unit commitment and system security. | Open Rule Change |
| | System Strength (Planning) | Evolve the framework to address the need for a more forward- looking, coordinated solution for the supply and demand of system strength in the NEM through key elements including TNSP led procurement of system strength, new access standards for relevant generators, loads and market network service providers, and enablement of a new charging mechanism providing for a price signal to connecting parties. | Final Determination |
| Transmission and Access | Enhanced Information, Congestion Relief Market & Priority Access Model | Establish a model to better manage transmission access risk, enhance information available to participants, incentivise congestion relief, and provide for investment and operational efficiencies. Note: Initiative is split into two in the Roadmap reflecting anticipated timing for implementation of the individual parts of the reform. | Under Policy Development |
| Integrating DER and Flexible Demand | Integrating Energy Storage Systems | Establish an Integrated Resource Provider (IRP) registration category to better integrate and utilise energy storage and hybrid systems in the NEM and allow aggregators of small generators to provide ancillary services. | Final Determination |
| | Flexible Trading Arrangements Model 2 | Enable end users to establish a private metering arrangement (PMA) for controllable resource(s) within their electrical installation, and to have these resources managed by a separate financially responsible Market Participant (FRMP). Establish a framework for 'minor energy flow' metering installations not currently considered in the NEM metering framework to reduce barriers further, create greater flexibility for the introduction of new technologies and enable access to retail competition for legacy connections in the NER. | Open Rule Change |
| | Scheduled Lite | To establish an 'opt-in' framework through lowering barriers and providing incentives for flexible demand, aggregated portfolios of DER and small generation resources (between 5 MW and 30 MW) to either: provide greater visibility to the market operator about intentions in the market, or to participate in dispatch of energy and ancillary services | Pending Rule Change |
| | Dynamic Operating Envelopes | Establish DOE to better manage congestion on the distribution network and allow for more flexibility in exporting through various key reforms including: Establishing new connection agreements with customers Development of capacity allocation principles Establishing new obligations on the retailer / aggregator to operate DER within these limits, where they are operating DER on behalf of customers and Creating new standards for interoperability and cyber security | Concept/Trial |
| | Distribution Local Network Services | To identify ways to make it easier for DER aggregators to trade local network support services with DNSPs/Distribution System Operators (DSOs), through greater visibility of local network. constraints aligning the definitions of local services and how they are traded between regions. | Concept/Trial |
| | Turn-up Services | Increase the capability and capacity of load to respond to low or negative price signals during times of abundant variable renewable energy, which is correlated to periods of minimum system load | Removed from the scope of the NEM Reform Program (March 2023) |



| Pathway | Initiative Name | Description | Status | |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|
| | DER Data Hub and Registry Services | Establish a DER Data Hub to provide efficient and scalable data exchange and registry services for DER between industry actors and potential augmentation of DER Register to enable more efficient and permission-based sharing and access to information. | Concept/Trial | |
| | DER Operational Tools | To identify and develop, in collaboration with DNSPs, new DER operational tools that may be required by each party, which can work together to maintain efficient and secure power system operations at times when up to 100% of system load can be met with DER. | Concept | |
| Data Strategy | Data Services | Provide new services which facilitate greater safe, timely and appropriate access to and public-good benefits from data sets held by AEMO and other market bodies, supporting improved policy, planning and research. | Under Policy Development | |
| | EV Charging Standing Data Register | Ensure that agencies and market participants have sufficient visibility of emerging electric vehicle supply equipment (EVSE) for effective planning and management of the system. | Under Policy Development | |
| | Bill Transparency | Efficient arrangements to provide ongoing transparency of consumer bills and the impacts of different services and circumstances, to support better consumer protections and understanding of consumer needs in the market transition and streamline current inefficient retail reporting. | Under Policy Development | |
| | Network Visibility | Optimise benefits from DER and network assets for all customers, by informing market stakeholders making DER planning decisions and managing network capacity risks. | Under Policy Development | |

In addition to the reform initiatives, AEMO has identified a subset of enabling initiatives. Each of these initiatives represents either a:

- **Foundational** investment in an AEMO legacy system to deliver an uplift to base capability on which reforms are dependent; or
- **Strategic** investment where system uplift is required at some time in the future and AEMO sees the opportunity for this life-cycle type investment to be brought forward and delivered in the same timeframes as the reforms for efficiency purposes.

The following tables provide a summary of each foundational or strategic initiative considered within the scope of the NEM Reform Program.

Table 2. AEMO Foundational / Strategic Initiatives

| Pathway | Initiative Name | Description |
|--------------|--|---|
| Foundational | Identity Access Management | A unified mechanism to authenticate participant users and applications when accessing AEMO services enabling a single pane of glass for participants accessing AEMO applications while consolidating and improving overall cyber security controls. |
| | Industry Data exchange | Unified access to AEMO services across all markets using modern authentication and communication protocols providing for consolidation of data exchanges into a single industry-wide mechanism across wholesale and retail applications, lowering barriers to entry and reducing overall costs. |
| | SCADA Lite | A low-cost mechanism to support telemetry services reducing barriers to entry for smaller generators and demand side resources and providing greater visibility to AEMO and market participants. |
| Strategic | Portal Consolidation | A single pane of glass user experience for participants accessing all AEMO browser-based services. |
| | Consolidated Master Data Repository | An internal master data management platform hosting information about power system asset data (e.g., NMI standing data, DER devices) used by AEMO market systems providing participants with a single source of truth and data quality management. |
| | FRC Target State | Implement a consolidated Asset and Participant Relationship Management system (APRM); that enables unification of services onto a shared platform and simplification of Participants' and AEMO processes. |



| Pathway | Initiative Name | Description |
|---------|--|---|
| | Dispatch Target State Bids / Offers Target State Constraints Target State | • A technology uplift of AEMO backend market platform services to replace legacy technology. In the case of bids/offers this could leverage 5MS deliverables. |

Finally, Table 3 highlights several enabling initiatives that are to be delivered by AEMO's Operational Technology Roadmap (OTR) Program or separately as an independent project by AEMO (e.g., ST PASA Replacement). In that respect, they become dependencies for the NEM Reform Program rather than being delivered by the program itself.

Table 3. AEMO Dependent Initiatives

| Pathway | Initiative Name | Description |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Dependent Initiatives | Operational Decision-Making Tools | A refresh of the user interfaces and decision-making tools used by the AEMO control room operators to reflect the increasing demands of managing the grid. Multiple disparate User Interfaces converged into single user experience platform. |
| | Business Rules Engine | An internal AEMO technology capability within which business rules and processes are defined. Core market platforms will leverage this capability as a foundation building block. |
| | Operational Data Store | Establishing a capability for storing high volume of operational transactional data at near- real-time. |
| | Forecasting Platform Uplift | A converged modelling platform that supports model development, interfaces for forecasting-as-a-service providers and layered blended models across several modelling domains e.g. demand and VRE. |
| | ST PASA Replacement | Review of the Pre-dispatch (PD) and Short Term (ST) PASA methodology and supporting systems and processes. |



NEM Reform Program: Delivery Scope

AEMO has delivered many large reform-driven programs of work. However, the NEM Reform Program represents the most comprehensive reform package sought to be implemented since the NEM's inception in 1998. As a result, it needs careful planning and high levels of industry engagement to be successful.

The key principles underpinning delivery of the NEM Reform Program are to:

- Work collaboratively with industry: While AEMO is ultimately responsible for delivering the NEM Reform
 Program, it will be supported by comprehensive engagement and collaboration with industry. In particular, the
 NEM Reform Program aims to provide industry with a clear forward view of the periodic deployments of
 capability aligned with the ESB's reform timelines via the NEM Reform Implementation Roadmap. This will
 assist industry with their own planning and delivery activities to be ready for each reform as it is
 operationalised.
- **Deliver effective solutions**: The NEM Reform Program will work closely with ESB and industry to ensure the solutions that are developed meet the ESB's reform objectives and are aligned with AEMO's target state architecture.⁵
- **Deliver as efficiently as possible**: The NEM Reform Program will be structured to be delivered as efficiently as possible. This will be realised through the optimal bundling and sequencing of projects within the Program, as well as through Program governance and management that continually monitors Program costs.

The NEM Reform Program will take a 'One Program' approach that provides for central governance and a structured methodology to assessing change impacts to AEMO, industry and stakeholders over the life of the Program. Further the 'One Program' approach ensures a level of consistency in delivery across all initiatives from their conception through to completion while still allowing for tailored implementation at an individual initiative level.

The implementation of IT systems and processes will form a significant component of the NEM Reform Program. However, the activities (and therefore resources) to successfully bring the individual initiatives into live operation is inevitably much broader as shown in Table 4.

These activities shown below are to be supported by a dedicated program structure and program management function. These have been developed in alignment with AEMO's Enterprise Portfolio Office (EPO). The EPO will provide standards, methodologies, processes and tools mandated across the enterprise, and these will be used by the NEM Reform Program.

| Function | Description | Inc | cluded Activities |
|----------------------|---|-----|---|
| Solution Assurance & | Provides the overarching alignment of business and | ٠ | Technical Architecture |
| Design | technology strategic outcomes through roadmaps, architectures and transformational change impact management. Also provides the sequencing and integrated release planning of design and delivery; Supports the | • | Business Architecture Product Release Planning & Integrated Design Contract Management / Performance |

Table 4. NEM Reform Program Delivery Scope

⁵ AEMO has commenced detailed work to articulate its conceptual target state architecture. While this work is broader than the NEM Reform Program, it is critical that what the NEM Reform Program designs and delivers is in alignment with this target state architecture as the Program will be a key contributor towards achieving the desired future state.



| Function | Description | Included Activities | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | program in the procurement and ongoing management of vendors including performance and execution to contract. | Vendor Engagement / Management | |
| Delivery | Delivery of all business and technology changes as required to support the Post-2025 Reforms and in-scope projects; Supports the delivery streams in the delivery of quality outcomes and the alignment to program and AEMO standards and practices through testing and verification. | Requirements Development & Design Business Process, Procedure and Work Instruction Development Delivery Management (Business and Technology) Testing (Integration, E2E, Performance and UAT) Industry Test / Market Trials Environment Management | |
| AEMO Operational Capability | Management of the change implementation within AEMO, including internal stakeholder engagement and communications, organisational and staff transition, business readiness, and staff training and coaching. | Internal stakeholder management Internal (AEMO) communications AEMO organisation and staff transition Business (AEMO) readiness Training and coaching | |
| External Stakeholder Engagement | Centrally lead and coordinate all communications and engagement with industry, government, media, and other external stakeholders to build awareness and understanding, and co-design, implement and embed the NEM Reform Program. | Forums and working group facilitation External stakeholder and industry support and engagement External stakeholder and industry communications | |
| Industry Readiness | Facilitation of the change implementation with industry including, representing the NEM Reform Program with industry stakeholders, and leading and coordinating all industry readiness, transition, and participant training activities. | Program advocacy and industry engagement Industry transition planning and co- ordination Readiness planning and coordination Participant training | |

The delivery scope for the NEM Reform Program excludes activities relating to the development of policy and/or rules or related change processes, market design, funding and cost recovery. These are managed outside the direct responsibility of the NEM Reform Program but are identified as dependencies with clear lines of communication to ensure a co-ordinated approach.

Further, the delivery scope is not intended to cover the implementation of changes (e.g. system, process or guideline related) by industry participants beyond those activities identified above, these are the responsibility of individual participants.