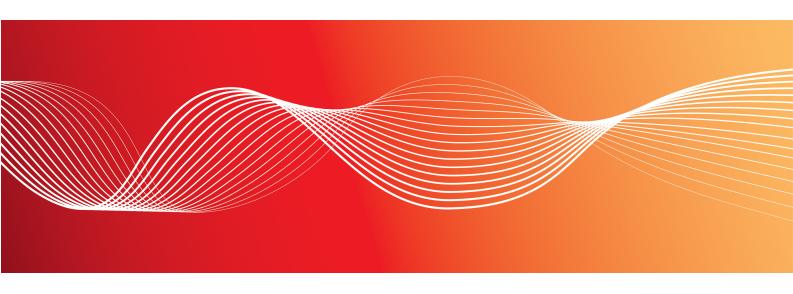
TECHNICAL GUIDE TO WEB SERVICES SOFTWARE

MONDAY, 15 APRIL 2013





Version: 2.00

Reference: ELECMARKDEV-9-551 $\,$ © 2013 Australian Energy Market Operator Ltd (AEMO). All rights

reserved.

Technical Guide to Web Services Software

Important Notice

AEMO has prepared this Technical Guide to Web Services Software (Guide) to provide guidance on the use of the Web Services Client Software under the National Gas or Electricity Rules (Rules), as at the date of publication.

No reliance or warranty

This Guide does not constitute legal or business advice, and should not be relied on as a substitute for obtaining detailed advice about the National Gas or Electricity Law, the Rules or any other applicable laws, procedures or policies. While AEMO has made every effort to ensure the quality of the information in this Guide, neither AEMO, nor any of its employees, agents and consultants make any representation or warranty as to the accuracy, reliability, completeness, currency or suitability for particular purposes of that information.

Limitation of liability

To the maximum extent permitted by law, AEMO and its advisers, consultants and other contributors to this Guide (or their respective associated companies, businesses, partners, directors, officers or employees) are not liable (whether by reason of negligence or otherwise) for any errors, omissions, defects or misrepresentations in this document, or for any loss or damage suffered by persons who use or rely on the information in it.

Copyright

Copyright 2013 Australian Energy Market Operator Limited. The material in this publication may be used in accordance with the copyright permissions on AEMO's website.

Trademark notices

No trademark notices.

Documents made obsolete

The release of this document changes any version of the Web Services User Guide and earlier versions of Technical Guide to Web Services Software.

Distribution

Available to the public.

Prepared by

IMT Documentation Team

Last update: 15/04/2013 2:48 PM

Notes

MSATS version 3.0 – software release 46.81. Complies with the energy market systems single web portal interface.

Further information

For further information, please visit www.aemo.com.au or contact:

AEMO Information and Support Hub

Phone: 1300 AEMO 00 (1300 236 600) and follow the prompts.

Email: supporthub@aemo.com.au

Contents

	_
1 Introduction	1
1.1 Purpose	1
1.2 Audience	1
1.3 What's in this guide	1
1.4 Related resources	2
2 Context	3
2.1 Web services interface	3
2.2 RESTful architecture	3
2.3 What AEMO's Web Services are for	4
2.4 How do you use AEMO's Web Services	4
2.5 Who can use AEMO's Web Services	
2.6 System requirements	
3 Standards 3.1 aseXML	
3.2 aseXML version	
3.3 Security and authentication	
3.4 User access	
3.5 HTTPS requests	
3.5.1 URL	
3.5.2 Headers	
3.5.3 File size limits	
3.5.4 Performing a GET request from Internet Explorer	
3.6 HTTPS responses	
· ·	
4 Web Services Client Software 1	.3
4.1 Introduction to Web Services Client Software1	.3
4.2 Java Platform software1	.4
4.3 Microsoft .NET Framework-based software	.5
4.4 Java Platform web services client software setup1	.5
4.4.1 Java web services client software quick start guide 1	.5

		4.4.2 Downloading the Java web services client software	. 16
		4.4.3 Extracting the Java distribution file	.16
		4.4.4 Configuring the Java .properties file	. 18
		4.4.5 Running the Java web services client software	. 22
		4.4.6 Creating Java web services client software instances	. 25
		crosoft .NET Framework-based ervices client software setup	. 25
		4.5.1 .NET Framework-based web services client software quick start guide	.25
		4.5.2 Downloading the .NET Framework-based web services client software	. 26
		4.5.3 Extracting the .NET Framework-based distribution file	
		4.5.4 Editing the WebServicesGet.exe.config file	e 28
		4.5.5 Editing the WebServicesPost.exe.config file	.31
		4.5.6 Running the WebServicesGet.exe	. 35
		4.5.7 Running the WebServicesPost.exe	. 36
		4.5.8 Creating .NET Framework-based application instances	. 38
	4.6 Ma	intenance	
5 Lib	rary F	unctions	39
	_	ference documentation	
		NMI Master report library	.40
		5.2.1 Contents	.40
		5.2.2 Get C4 NMI Master Report	.40

5.2.3 Post C4 NMI Master	6.3 Java software response codes 52
Report	0.4 MICHOSOIL INET FLATHEWORK-Daseu
5.3 MSATS Limits library functions4	ro do c
5.3.1 Contents	+2
5.3.2 Get MSATS Limits	
5.3.3 Post MSATS Limits	6.5 Authentication errors56
5.4 NMI Detail library functions4	
5.4.1 Contents	
5.4.2 Get NMI Detail	
5.4.3 Post NMI Detail	6.8 AEMO's Information and Support Hub57
5.5 NMI Discovery library functions4	
5.5.1 Contents	
5.5.2 Get NMI Discovery by DPID	4 3
5.5.3 Post NMI Discovery by DPID	
5.5.4 Get NMI Discovery by meter serial	AEMO
5.5.5 Post NMI Discovery by meter serial	6 O Bules Law and Covernment
5.5.6 Get NMI Discovery by	6.10 Oracle59
address	6.11 AEMO's website59
5.5.7 Post NMI Discovery by address	6.12 Feedback
5.6 NMI Discovery 3 library functions .4	¹⁸ 6 Index
5.6.1 Contents	O Tildex02
5.6.2 Get NMI Discovery Type 3	Figures
5.6.3 Post NMI Discovery Type 3	Figure 2-1: web services infrastructure 5
5.7 Participant System Status library functions	Figure 3-1: schema version parameter example 7
5.7.1 Contents	19
5.7.2 Get Participant System Status	
5.7.3 Post Participant System Status	Figure 3-3: Response header example 12
	Software interface to participant
6 Response Codes 5	natewaye 14
	01
6.2 Console and log file responses5)T

Technical Guide to Web Services Software

Figure 4-2: HTTP Processing section in the sample properties file	19	These abbreviations, symbols, and special terms assist the reader's understanding of the terms used in this document. For	
Figure 4-3: Figure 5: Logging configuration section in the sample.properties file	22	definitions of these terms, the reader should always refer to the applicable market Rules.	
Figure 4-4: WebServicesGet.exe.config file	29	A AEMC	
Figure 4-5: WebServicesPost.exe.config	32	API Application Programming Interface	
Figure 6-1: console response example	51	aseXML	
Figure 6-2: log file response example	52	A Standard for Energy Transactions in XML. The eXtensible mark-up language standard used by energy companies.	
ables		C	
Table 3-1: URL parameters	8	CSV Comma-separated values; a file format for exchanging data.	
Table 3-2: Headers	9	E	
Table 3-3: Response headers	11	EMMS	
Table 4-1: Java .properties file parameters	19	Electricity Market Management System; software, hardware, network and related processes to implement the wholesale National Electricity Market (NEM).	
Table 4-2: WebServicesGet.exe config properties for the log4net section	29	energy market systems web portal Single web portal interface to access AEMO's IT	
Table 4-3: WebServicesGet.exe properties	30	systems.	
Table 4-4: WebServicesPost.exe config properties for the log4net section	33	HTTP Hypertext Transfer Protocol	
Table 4-5: WebServicesPost.exe properties	33	HTTPS Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure. A combination of the Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) with SSL/TLS protocol to provide encrypted	
Table 6-1: Java software response codes	52	communication and secure identification.	
Table 6-2: MS .NET Framework-based software response codes	53	JRE Java Runtime Environment	

Glossary

Technical Guide to Web Services Software

 \mathbf{M}

MarketNet

AEMO's secure private data network connection.

MSATS

Market Settlements And Transfer Solution; software, hardware, network and related processes to implement the retail national electricity market (NEM).

N

NEM

National Electricity Market

NER

National Electricity Rules

NGR

National Gas Rules

R

REST

Representational State Transfer

RESTful

Web services designed using the Representational State Transfer (REST) paradigm.

Rules

National electricity or gas rules.

S

SOAP

Simple Object Access Protocol

Τ

TLS/SSL

Transport Layer Security (TLS) and its predecessor, Secure Sockets Layer (SSL), are protocols providing communication security over the Internet.

 \mathbf{U}

URI

Unified Resource Identifier

URM

User Rights Management for AEMO's participant systems.

 \mathbf{W}

WSDL

Web Services Description Language

 \mathbf{X}

XML

Extensible Mark-up Language

7.

ZIP

Files containing business data with the filename extensions .zip are compressed. They usually contain the XML coded message data.

1 Introduction

In this chapter:

1.1 Purpose	1
1.2 Audience	
1.2 Audience	1
1.3 What's in this guide	1
1.4 Related resources	2

1.1 Purpose

This technical guide explains the setup and use of AEMO's Web Services Client Software.

1.2 Audience

This document is intended for participants' technical and software development staff, responsible for implementing AEMO's systems.

1.3 What's in this guide

This technical guide describes the:

- Context and standards of AEMO's Web Services.
- Available AEMO Web Services.
- Available Web Services Client Software.
- Setup of the Web Services Client Software.
- Details of the library functions used in the web services client software.
- Details of the web service response codes.
- How to ask AEMO for IT assistance.

This document assumes you have knowledge of:

- The Java[™] Platform version 7 and above or the Microsoft.NET. Framework 4[®] environments.
- The operating system you are using.
- AEMO's systems and how they operate from an external perspective.
- The extensible mark-up language (XML).

Technical Guide to Web Services Software - Chapter 1 Introduction

1.4 Related resources

As well as the resources listed in "References" on page 59 the following resources may be useful:

- Guide to Web Services.
- RESTful Web Services: The basics.
- Guide to Transition of aseXML

Text in this format indicates a direct hyperlink with details of the resource listed in "References" on page 59.

2 Context

In this chapter:

2.1 Web services interface	. 3
2.2 RESTful architecture	. 3
2.3 What AEMO's Web Services are for	. 4
2.4 How do you use AEMO's Web Services	
2.5 Who can use AEMO's Web Services	
2.6 System requirements	

2.1 Web services interface

In addition to AEMO's web portals, and batch or file interface options for system-to-system interaction, AEMO's Web Services offers a new layer of interaction. It takes advantage of existing architecture and is extensible into a larger set of web services, applying to both wholesale and retail systems. The approach, built on top of aseXML, provides for comprehensive coverage of AEMO's systems into the future.

AEMO's Web Services use existing messaging standards such as aseXML and CSV, maintaining maximum flexibility and consistency for participants who are free to specify data formats or payloads that suit the target system.

The market systems standard is the transfer of aseXML documents between participant gateways and the market systems. As the full MSATS interface is based on existing aseXML standard documents, the addition of a web service only requires the transfer of such documents. As an extension, the web services are enhanced with some URI parameterised requests to help in the development of gateway interfaces.

2.2 RESTful architecture

AEMO chose RESTful (REST) for its web services architecture because of its lightweight nature and ability to transmit data directly over HTTP—REST is an alternative to SOAP and WSDL.

The REST architecture makes it possible to start small, developing what is required with available resources, and scaling up as the number of services increase. The REST approach uses the features of HTTP to make requests and follows these design principles:

• Services are provided using HTTPS over MarketNet.

Technical Guide to Web Services Software - Chapter 2 Context

- HTTP requests are stateless.
- Directory structure-like URIs, for example, https://<web service host>/<system>/<business_function>.
- Transfer of XML or JavaScript Object Notation (JSON), or both.

Resources are addressed by mapping to a location within a hierarchy of URIs. For example, the root of the hierarchy might represent the web service application and provide a listing of the resources available. Drilling down one level then provides specific information about a particular resource, and further levels provide data from specific resource records. For participants, the operations performed on resources are mapped to HTTP methods:

HTTP Method	Operation
GET	Retrieve data
POST	Update data, retrieve data

AEMO's goal in implementing a RESTful web services approach is to achieve the following:

- Performance: quality of responsiveness.
- Scalability: many users can simultaneously use the systems.
- Generality: solve a wide variety of problems.
- Simplicity: no complex interactions, easy to prove the system is doing as it is supposed to.
- Modifiability: extensible in the face of new requirements and technologies.

2.3 What AEMO's Web Services are for

AEMO's Web Services offers a new layer of interaction with AEMO's systems. It is an additional option to AEMO's web portals, and batch or file interfaces for system-to-system interaction with AEMO's systems.

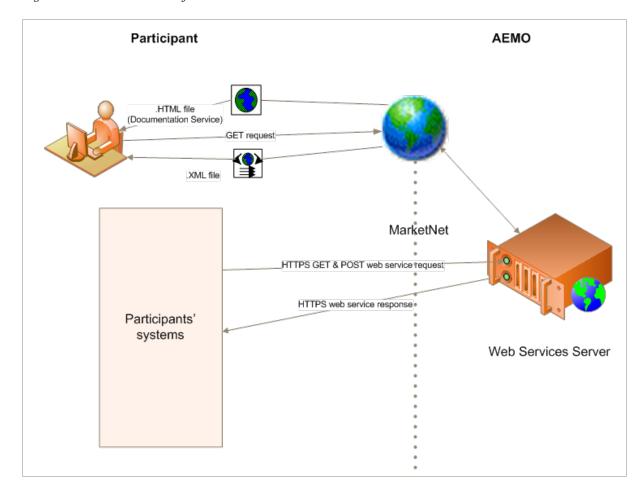
2.4 How do you use AEMO's Web Services

AEMO's Web Services provides supported and secure web services to participants' systems using their secure MarketNet connection.

The web service is provided by AEMO's web services server responding to a HTTPS request. The request is stateless, or self-contained, having no dependency on any prior or future request. It contains all data required to both define the request and authenticate the requestor. The response is a block of data sent to the participant's machine making the request. The response is not required to be readable by a person.

Errors are flagged using HTTP response codes, not textual descriptions of the error. A response code of 200 indicates the request was processed successfully. All other response codes indicate the server was unable to process the request, see "Response Codes" on page 51

Figure 2-1: web services infrastructure



2.5 Who can use AEMO's Web Services

• Web Services and its software is for use by participants' technical and software development staff, responsible for implementing AEMO's systems.

2.6 System requirements

- The supported Internet browser is Microsoft Internet Explorer version 7 or later, although the recommended version is Microsoft Internet Explorer 8.
- AEMO's Web Services are accessed using your MarketNet connection.

Technical Guide to Web Services Software - Chapter 2 Context

• A user ID and password, provided by your system administrator, set up with access to AEMO's Web Services is required.

For participant user access to web services, participant administrators select the appropriate entity in the **Maintain Rights** menu. User accounts and user administration is done in the energy market systems web portal, see the **Guide to User Rights**Management.

• The Web Services Client Software runs on either the Java TM Platform, Standard Edition 6 (developer version 1.6.0), or the Microsoft .NET Framework 4[®].

3 Standards

In this chapter:

3.1 aseXML		7
3.2 aseXML version		
3.3 Security and author	entication	8
3.4 User access		8
3.5 HTTPS requests		8
3.6 HTTPS responses		11

3.1 aseXML

For MSATS transactions, the architecture supports the aseXML format. aseXML defines an XML format for data exchange specific to the electricity and gas industries in Australia and is already in use, and well known to participants and AEMO. For more information about aseXML, see aseXML Standards.

3.2 aseXML version

Most requests produce an aseXML response and clients often require a specific schema version. An optional aseXML_version parameter in the Accept header meets this requirement. If the requested aseXML version is not supported, a 406 HTTP response code returns.

If the aseXML_version is not provided, the participant's aseXML schema for the current or superseded schema is used. To see your participant schema version, sign in to the MSATS web portal, select Participants and then Participant Schema. For help see the *Guide to MSATS Web Portal* on the MSATS Participant User Interface Guides web page.

When participants update their aseXML schema version in the MSATS web portal, the change is reflected after 4:00 AM the next day (the schema change for batch services is immediate).

Figure 3-1: schema version parameter example

GET·
https://msats.prod.nemnet.net.au/msats/ws/NMIDetail/NEMMCO?transactionId=TX123&nmi=123456789
0&checksum=0·HTTP/1.0¶
Host:·127.0.0.1¶
Authorization:·Basic·dXNlcmlkOnBhc3N3b3.Jk¶
Accept:·application/zip;·
aseXML_version=r25¶

3.3 Security and authentication

To provide encrypted communication and secure identification, interactions between participant systems and AEMO's MarketNet are secured using HTTPS.

3.4 User access

For access to web services, participant administrators select the relevant entity in the "Maintain Rights" menu and assign the right to their participant users. For help, see Guide to User Rights Management.

3.5 HTTPS requests

All HTTP requests contain a method, a URL, headers, and optional file attachments. The method is either GET or POST. The HTTP response code 405 returns if the requested method is not supported.

- GET requests require all parameters in the URL, see § 3.5.1 "URL".
- POST requests allow the parameters to exist in an attached file. The file format is either an .XML or a .ZIP file. Posted files have a size limit of 1 MB. If the limit is exceeded, a response code of 413 is returned.
- URL parameters are case sensitive.
- Request character sets are UTF-8 encoded.
- The .XML file must only contain one request.

3.5.1 URL

GET Requests conform to the following URL pattern:

Figure 3-2: URL example

https://127.0.0.1/msats/ws/NMIDiscovery/NEMMCO?jurisdictionCode=NSW&transactionId=TX123&deliveryPointIdentifier=12345

Note: URL parameters are case sensitive.

Table 3-1: URL parameters

URL Parameter	Description
<pre><pre><pre>ocol></pre></pre></pre>	HTTPS

URL Parameter	Description
<server></server>	Names the server hosting the service or an external proxy. See AEMO's "Interfaces" in Technical Guide to Electricity IT Systems.
<application></application>	The AEMO system providing the service (for example MSATS or EMMS).
<servicename></servicename>	Names the required web service.
<participantid></participantid>	The participant requesting the service. If no <participantid> is provided then HTTP response code 400 returns.</participantid>
<pre><parameters></parameters></pre>	A list of "name=value" pairs, separated by "&".

3.5.2 Headers

Table 3-2: Headers

Header	Description	
Authorization	userid:password encoded by the Base64 algorithm.	
	If this header is not provided then HTTP response code 401 returns with the header: WWW-Authenticate: Basic realm=" <applicationid>".</applicationid>	
	If the header is provided but the user credentials cannot be decoded and authenticated, then HTTP response code 403 returns.	
Host: <web host="" service=""></web>	URL of the server hosting the service.	
Accept: application/zip;	application/zip requests the ase:XML response compressed and returned as a .ZIP file.	
Accept: text/xml;	text/xml requests the ase:XML response returned as an XML file.	
Accept: application/zip; aseXML_version=r25	Adding aseXML_version=r25 indicates the client is requesting the response as r25 XML schema.	
	If no schema is specified, the participant's schema version is sent.	
	If the version specified is not supported, then HTTP response code 406 is returned.	
Content-Length: nnn	The length of the attached request file.	
Content-Type: text/xml	The format of the attached request file (application/zip or text/xml).	

3.5.3 File size limits

• Files are limited to a size of 1 MB.

3.5.4 Performing a GET request from Internet Explorer

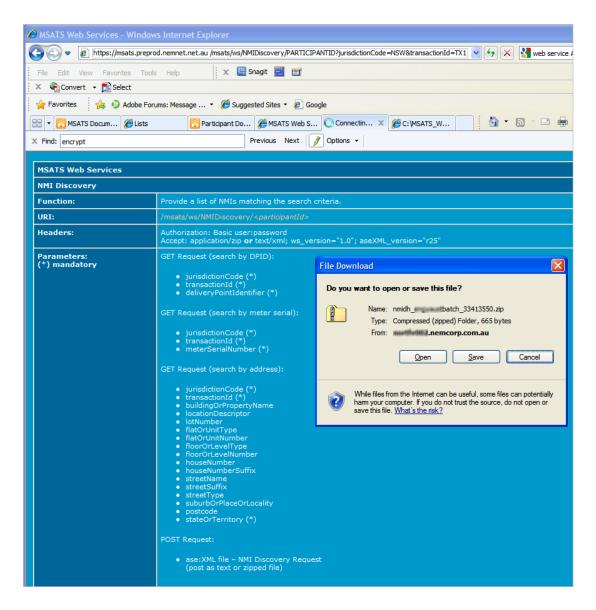
For testing purposes, as well as using the web services client software, GET requests can be made from Internet Explorer, by entering the parameters in the URL. The following is an example of a NMI Discovery, search by meter serial, GET request to the MSATS preproduction web services server.

- 1. Enter the URL including the NMI Discovery parameters in the address bar. Substituting your participant ID for PARTICIPANTID, and the correct parameters for jurisdictionCode, transactionId, and meterSerialNumber. For example: https://msats.-preprod.nemnet.NET.au/msats/ws/NMIDiscovery/PARTICIPANTID?jurisdictionCode= NSW&trransactionId=TX123&meterSerialNumber=12345
- 2. If the authentication dialog box displays, enter your MSATS user ID and password.



3. If you have entered the GET parameters correctly the **File Download** dialog box displays, where you can **Open** or **Save** the file.

Otherwise, the **MSATS Web Services** web page displays a description of the web service along with the parameter information.



3.6 HTTPS responses

A successful request to the web services server, indicated by the HTTP response code 200, returns an .XML file to the client. All other codes indicate a failure, see "Response Codes" on page 51.

The response character set is UTF-8 encoded. The following headers are always returned.

Table 3-3: Response headers

Response Header	Description
HTTP/1.1 and response code	Indicates the HTTP response code (see "Response Codes")
Date:	Current date and time
Server	Web services server

Technical Guide to Web Services Software - Chapter 3 Standards

Response Header	Description
Content-Length:	length of response
Cache-Control: no-cache	Response is not cached
Expires:	Response completion date and time
Content-Disposition	Response type and filename
Connection: close	Indicates connection to web services server closed.
Content-Type:	Mime type of response
WWW-Authenticate: Basic realm=" <applicationid>"</applicationid>	Returned if the authorization header is not supplied

Figure 3-3: Response header example

HTTP/1.1·200·OK¶

Date: Fri, ·05·Aug·2011· 05:20:53· GMT¶ Server: ·Oracle-Application-Server-10g/10.1.2.0.0· Oracle-HTTP-Server¶

Content-Length: 5570¶ Cache-Control: no-cache¶

Expires: Fri, 05 Aug 2011 05:20:55 GMT¶

Content-Disposition: attachment;filename=nmidh_userid_33433417.xml¶

Connection: close¶

Content-Type: text/xml; charset=UTF-8¶

4 Web Services Client Software

In this chapter:

4.1 Introduction to Web Service	ces Client Software	13
4.2 Java Platform software		14
4.3 Microsoft .NET Framework	-based software	15
4.4 Java Platform web service	s client software setup	15
4.5 Microsoft .NET Framework	-based web services client software setup	25
4.6 Maintenance		38

4.1 Introduction to Web Services Client Software

To demonstrate the web services function correctly at participant sites, and to facilitate integration of AEMO's web services into participant systems, AEMO provides the following web services client software environments:

- Java TM Platform, Standard Edition 7, see 4.2 "Java Platform software" on next page.
- Microsoft .NET Framework 4[®], see 4.3 "Microsoft .NET Framework-based software" on page 15.

Participants can use the approach taken in the web services client software to implement their own custom web client into their gateway system.

The software supports participants' HTTPS protocol requests and operates as a batch process, similar to the *MSATS Participant Batcher Software*—not requiring a graphical user interface. Configuration of the software is done in the .properties or .exe.config files, depending on the software you are using.

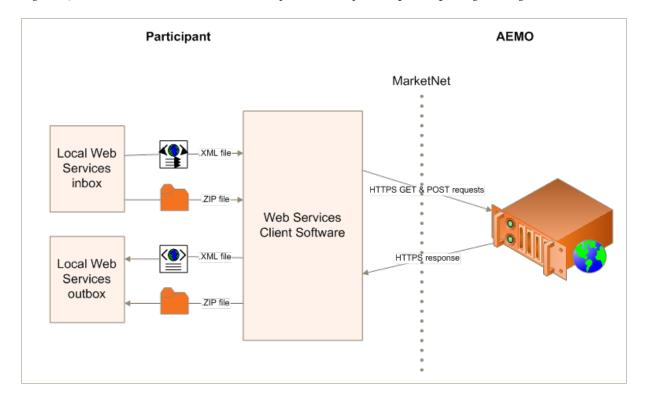


Figure 4-1: AEMO's Web Services Client Software interface to participant gateways

Participants can also perform Get requests using their web browser, see § 3.5.4 "Performing a GET request from Internet Explorer".

Download and install one of the following web services client software suited to your participant environment.

4.2 Java Platform software

• The WebServices_Java_vn.n.zip provides a Java interface to invoke web services from within a Java application. The software runs under Java SE 7. Participants require the Java JDK 7 available from Oracle Downloads.

The application takes .ZIP or .XML file requests in the participant's local inbox directory (inbox). A successful request places the response files in the participant's local outbox (outbox) directory. The Java web services client software can process several web service request types within one instance, for example, NMI Discovery and NMI Detail. For more details, see § 4.4.6 " Creating Java web services client software instances".

To download and install the Java web services client software, see § 4.4 "Java Platform web services client software setup".

4.3 Microsoft .NET Framework-based software

• The WebServices_MSdotNet_vn.n.zip is a .NET Framework-based application used to invoke web services.

The webClient.dll library provides library routines for performing Get and Post requests to the web service and returning the .XML file as a stream.

While running, the WebServicesPost.exe application consumes .ZIP and .XML file requests in the participant local inbox (pli) directory. When the web service responds, depending on the outcome of the request, the files are moved to either the pli\Error or pli\Done directories. Successful web service responses are placed in the participant local outbox (plo) directory. The WebServicesPost.exe only processes one type of web service request (for example, NMI Discovery) within one instance, see § 4.5.8 " Creating .NET Framework-based application instances".

The WebServicesGet.exe makes Get requests to the web services server and returns the response to the participant local outbox (plo) directory. The Get requests are defined in the WebServicesGet.exe.config file.

To download and install the sample .NET Framework-based web services client software, see § 4.5 "Microsoft .NET Framework-based web services client software setup".

4.4 Java Platform web services client software setup

4.4.1 Java web services client software quick start guide

The steps required to install, configure, run the web services sample, and convert to a working instance are:

- 1. Download the latest version of the WebServices_Java_vn.n.zip file from Using Energy Market Information Systems.
- 2. Extract the .ZIP file to C:\MSATS_WSC (see § 4.4.3 " Extracting the Java distribution file"). Do not extract the file to a network drive.
- 3. Configure the .properties file in the root directory where you extracted the distribution file (see § 4.4.4 " Configuring the Java .properties file").

If the file is extracted to the C:\MSATS_WSC directory, the sample application (sample.cmd) runs and connects to the production web services server with the editing of the following properties in the sample.properties file:

- http.username
- http.password
- participant
- 4. Run the sample.cmd (see § 4.4.5 " Running the Java web services client software").

- 5. Create new instances (see § 4.4.6 " Creating Java web services client software instances").
- 6. Perform regular maintenance to keep the web services client software running smoothly (see § 4.6 " Maintenance").

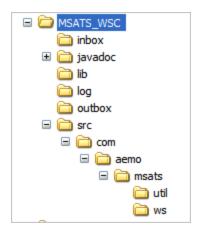
4.4.2 Downloading the Java web services client software

The latest version of the application is in a single .ZIP file, available from the secure Using Energy Market Information Systems. It looks similar to the following:

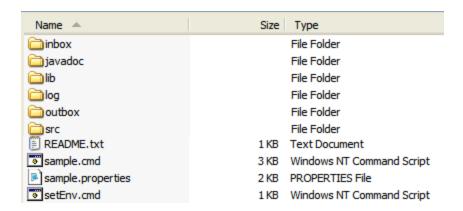


4.4.3 Extracting the Java distribution file

- 1. Extract the WebServices_Java_vn.n.zip file into a directory called C:\MSATS_WSC. Extract the file to your C:\ drive only; do not extract it to a network drive.
- 2. The extraction creates the following directory structure:



3. Contained in the root directory are the following subdirectories and files:



4.3.0.1 Java root directory

Contents	Description	
inbox	The directory to place your request files in XML or a ZIP format. The distribution file comes with sample requests for each of the available web services.	
javadoc	Reference documentation for Java programmers.	
lib	All .JAR files.	
log	Log and monitor files.	
outbox	The directory containing your web service responses.	
src	Directory containing all source files, for more detailssee "Web Services Client Software" on page 13see "Web Services Client Software" on page 13.	
README.txt	Contains the web services version number, list of files, and upgrade information.	
sample.cmd	Used to run the sample files included in the distribution package.	
sample.properties	Modify this sample properties file to setup your own web services instance. The default location for the JRE is C:/jdk1.6.0_16/jre, if the JRE is installed elsewhere, the setenv.cmd must be amended to match the location.	
setEnv.cmd	Sets values for environment variables required by other scripts. The default location for the JRE is C:/jdk1.6.o_16/jre, if the JRE is installed elsewhere, the setenv.cmd must be amended to match the location.	

4.3.0.2 Java SRC directory and subdirectories

Contents	Description
ApplicationException.java	This class is a wrapper to any errors that occur during program execution. Details of errors are written to the log file.
Constants.java	This class provides access to static and configurable settings. Configurable settings are loaded by calling the static method setConstants().

Contents	Description
ApiTest.java	This class provides a wrapper to access web services. The actual web service requested is controlled by command line arguments. If no arguments are provided a usage message is displays: usage: java com.aemo.msats.ws.ApiTest <pre>cyproperties></pre> <pre> Run the sample.cmd script to test web services.</pre>
NMIDetail.java	Public methods for all NMI details requests.
NMIDiscovery.java	Public methods for all NMI search requests.
WebServices.java	Common functions required for all web requests.

4.4.4 Configuring the Java .properties file

This section describes the properties you are required to change in the sample.properties file to have a working web services software set-up. If the file is extracted to C:\MSATS_WSC, the sample application (sample.cmd) runs and connects to the production web services server with the editing of the following properties in the sample.properties file:

- http.username
- · http.password
- participant

Important Notes:

- All web services software instances must have a corresponding .properties file in the web services root directory.
- A change to the .properties file requires an application restart, as the .properties file is only read when the application is started.
- For Unix-like systems, the Windows file paths must be converted to Unix paths.
- All file paths in the .properties file use forward slashes e.g. C:/MSATS_WSC/inbox.

4.4.0.1 HTTP Processing

Figure 4-2: HTTP Processing section in the sample.properties file

```
AEMO MSATS Web Services Client Properties File
\# Please refer to the MSATS Web Services Guide for more details
# HTTP Processing
#javax.net.debug=all
#javax.net.debug=ssl
#http.protocol=http
http.protocol=https
#http.host=msats.preprod.nemnet.net.au
http.host=msats.prod.nemnet.net.au
#http.port=80
http.port=443
#proxy.host=
#proxy.port=
# Value in milliseconds. Zero is interpreted as an infinite timeout.
http.timeout=10000
#http.accept=text/xml; ws_version=1.0; aseXML_version=r25
http.accept=application/zip
http.username=myuserid
http.password=mypassword
participant=myParticipantID
keystore.type=jks
keystore=C:/jdk1.6.0_16/jre/lib/security/cacerts
keystore.password=changeit
truststore.type=jks
truststore=C:/jdk1.6.0_16/jre/lib/security/cacerts
truststore.password=changeit
|inbox=C:/MSATS_WSC/inbox
outbox=C:/MSATS_WSC/outbox
```

Use the property examples in Table 4-1 below to configure your .properties file. Properties with an asterisk (*) are required.

Table 4-1: Java .properties file parameters

Property	Description	Example
javax.NET.debug	debugging your set-up.	javax.NET.debug=all
		javax.NET.debug=ssl
http.protocol *	Use the secure HTTPS protocol.	http.protocol=https

Property	Description	Example
http.host *	Specifies the AEMO server to connect to.	Pre-production: http.host=msats.preprod.nemnet .NET.au Production: http.host=msats.prod.nemnet .NET.au
http.port	Specify the port number to connect to, if the port number is not specified the application defaults to the correct port number.	http.port=443
proxy.host	Optional - for use with a proxy server only.	<pre>#proxy.host=</pre>
proxy.port	Only required if proxy.host is specified. For use with a proxy server only.	<pre>#proxy.port=</pre>
http.timeout *	Adjust the timeout value so under normal conditions it does not produce errors. A value of 10,000 equivalent to 10 seconds is a good starting point.	http.timeout=10000
http.accept *	Requests the format and version of the response. If the accept header is not specified the default response format is returned.	To request the response returned as an XML file: http.accept=text/xml; aseXML_version=r25 To request the response compressed and returned as a ZIP file: http.accept=application/zip
http.username *	Enter your User ID.	http.username=myMarketNetUserID
http.password *	Enter your password.	http.password= myMarketNetPassword
participant *	Enter your MarketNet participant ID.	participant=myParticipantID
keystore.type *	The default keystore type is "jks".	keystore.type=jks
keystore *	If required, change the keystore property to the location of your Java installation's cacerts file.	<pre>keystore=C:/jdk1.6.0_16/jre/lib- /security/cacerts</pre>

Property	Description	Example
keystore.password*	The default Java keystore password is "changeit". If you have modified yours using the Java "keytool", enter your modified password.	keystore.password=changeit
truststore.type *	The default truststore type is "jks".	truststore.type=jks
trustore *	Truststore is the file where the certificates are stored. You can save the file to any location and change the password as long as you configure the truststore property to find file.	truststore=C:/jdk1.6.0_ 16/jre/lib/security/cacerts Default certificate file stored by Java.
truststore.password *	The default Java truststore password is "changeit". If you have modified yours using the Java "keytool", enter your modified password.	truststore.password=changeit
inbox *	Enter the path to your local web services inbox.	inbox=C:/MSATS_WSC/inbox
outbox *	Enter the path to the local web services.	outbox=C:/MSATS_WSC/outbox

4.4.0.2 Logging configuration

The logging properties in this section are for the following logging purposes:

- ConsoleHandler: a simple handler for writing formatted records to System.err
- FileHandler: a handler that writes formatted log records either to a single file, or to a set of rotating log files.

For more details about logging facilities, see http://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/java/util/logging/package-summary.html.

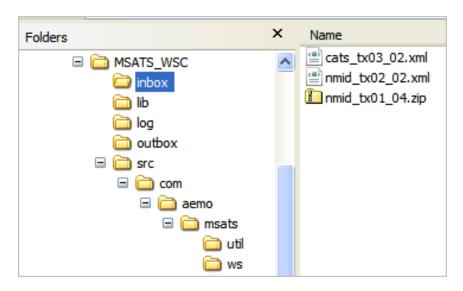
- For the sample configuration, leave the logging properties in this section as the default.
- For new instances, change the java.util.logging.ConsoleHandler.pattern path to the new location.

Figure 4-3: Figure 5: Logging configuration section in the sample.properties file

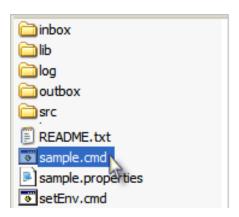
4.4.5 Running the Java web services client software

To run the Java web services client software:

1. The distribution file comes with sample requests for each of the available web services in the inbox. The sample files demonstrate the transaction of .XML or .ZIP files.



2. From the root directory or the command line, run the sample.cmd.



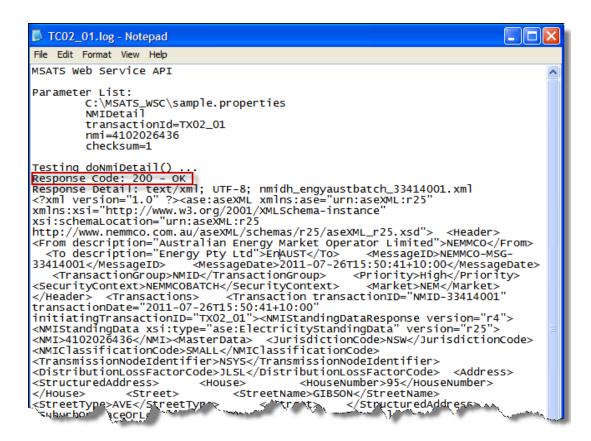
3. The web service script runs, watch for any errors.

```
For GET NMIDetail requests, option names are:
    * transactionId
    * nmi
    * checksum

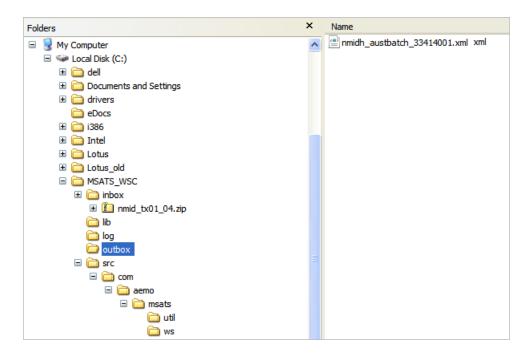
Option names marked '*' are mandatory.
Option names marked '*' may be required.
26/07/2011 3:38:42 PM com.aemo.msats.util.Constants setConstants
INFO: Constants#setConstants(): LogManager configured.
26/07/2011 3:38:43 PM com.aemo.msats.util.Constants setConstants
INFO: Constants#setConstants(): LogManager configured.
26/07/2011 3:38:43 PM com.aemo.msats.util.Constants setConstants
INFO: Constants#setConstants(): LogManager configured.
26/07/2011 3:38:44 PM com.aemo.msats.util.Constants setConstants
INFO: Constants#setConstants(): LogManager configured.
26/07/2011 3:38:44 PM com.aemo.msats.util.Constants setConstants
INFO: Constants#setConstants(): LogManager configured.
26/07/2011 3:38:44 PM com.aemo.msats.util.Constants setConstants
INFO: Constants#setConstants(): LogManager configured.
26/07/2011 3:38:45 PM com.aemo.msats.util.Constants setConstants
INFO: Constants#setConstants(): LogManager configured.
26/07/2011 3:38:45 PM com.aemo.msats.util.Constants setConstants
INFO: Constants#setConstants(): LogManager configured.
26/07/2011 3:38:45 PM com.aemo.msats.util.Constants setConstants
INFO: Constants#setConstants(): LogManager configured.
26/07/2011 3:38:45 PM com.aemo.msats.util.Constants setConstants
INFO: Constants#setConstants(): LogManager configured.
26/07/2011 3:38:45 PM com.aemo.msats.util.Constants setConstants
INFO: Constants#setConstants(): LogManager configured.
26/07/2011 3:38:45 PM com.aemo.msats.util.Constants setConstants
INFO: Constants#setConstants(): LogManager configured.
26/07/2011 3:38:45 PM com.aemo.msats.util.Constants setConstants
INFO: Constants#setConstants(): LogManager configured.
```

4. When the script completes, check the .LOG files in the web services root directory for errors. **Response Code : 200 = OK** indicates a successful request. Other response codes indicate an error, see "Response Codes" on page 51.

Fix any problems and run the sample.cmd again until you have a working web services sample, see "Needing help?" on page 56.



5. If the request is successful (**Response Code: 200 = OK**), check the web service software outbox for your response files.



4.4.6 Creating Java web services client software instances

Participants can have multiple instances of the Java web services client software in different locations, or in the same location with different .property filenames (for example, one instance for production and one for pre-production). Each instance must have corresponding .properties and web services.cmd files in the web services root directory. Each instance is configured differently and can only connect to one AEMO server with one User ID.

To convert the working sample to another instance:

- 1. Copy the MSATS_WSC directory to another location on your participant systems.
- 2. Configure the new .properties file (see § 4.4.4 " Configuring the Java .properties file"), for example:
 - In the http.host property, specify the environment.
 - In the http.accept property, specify the format for responses.
 - Change the inbox and outbox paths to the new location.
 - Change the Logging configuration path (see § 4.4.0.2 "Logging configuration").
- 3. Place your .XML or .ZIP files in the inbox directory.
- 4. Run the web services .CMD file.

4.5 Microsoft .NET Framework-based web services client software setup

4.5.1 .NET Framework-based web services client software quick start guide

The steps required to install, configure, run the web services sample, and convert to a working instance are:

- 1. Download the latest version of the WebServices_MSdotNet_vn.n.zip file from Using Energy Market Information Systems.
- 2. Extract the .ZIP file to C:\WebServices (see § 4.5.3 " Extracting the .NET Framework-based distribution file"). Do not extract the file to a network drive.
- 3. Edit the WebServicesGet.exe.config and WebServicesPost.exe.config files in the root directory where you extracted the distribution file.

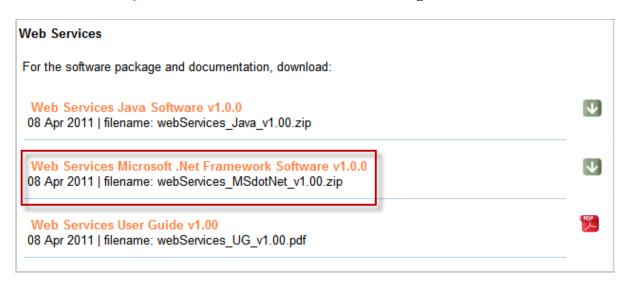
If the distribution file is extracted to the WebServices directory, the sample applications, WebServicesGet.exe and WebServicesPost.exe, run and connect to the pre-production server with the editing of only a few parameters (see § 4.5.4 " Editing the WebServicesGet.exe.config file" and see § 4.5.5 " Editing the WebServicesPost.exe.config file").

4. Run the WebServicesPost.exe or the WebServicesGet.exe (see § 4.5.6 " Running the WebServicesGet.exe" and see § 4.5.7 " Running the WebServicesPost.exe").

- 5. Create new instances (see § 4.5.8 " Creating .NET Framework-based application instances").
- 6. Perform regular maintenance to keep the web services client software running smoothly (see § 4.6 " Maintenance").

4.5.2 Downloading the .NET Framework-based web services client software

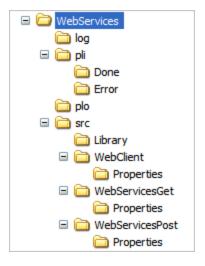
The latest version of the application is in a single .ZIP file, available from Using Energy Market Information Systems. It looks similar to the following:



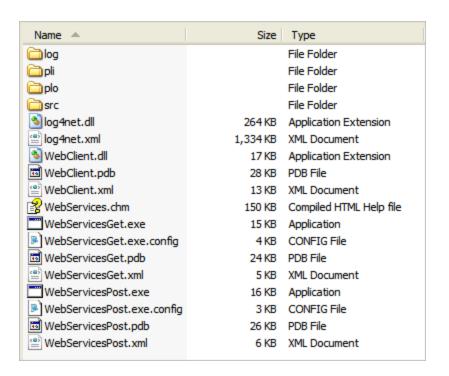
4.5.3 Extracting the .NET Framework-based distribution file

- 1. Extract the WebServices_MSdotNet_vn.n.zip file into C:\WebServices.

 Extract the file to your C:\ drive only; do not extract it to a network drive.
- 2. The extraction creates the following directory structure:



3. Contained in the root directory are the following subdirectories and files:



5.3.0.1 .NET Framework root directory

Contents	Description	
log	Log and monitor files.	
pli	Participant local inbox where .ZIP and .XML files are placed. The directory contains a Done and an Error sub-directory. The Done directory contains the files that were successfully posted. The Error directory contains the files that failed posting.	
рТо	Participant local outbox containing your web service responses.	
src	Directory containing release notes, all source files, and programming information about the classes, interfaces, and value types, for more details see "Web Services Client Software" on page 13.	
log4net.dll	Library of logging routines.	
log4net.xml	Appends logs to a database.	
WebClient.dll	Dynamic link library file for web services Get and Post.	
WebClient.pdb	Microsoft debug file	
WebClient.xml	Documentation of interface routines.	
webservices.chm	Reference documentation for .NET Framework application programmers. This file must be read from a local drive.	
WebServicesGet.exe	Sample application to test Get web services.	
WebServicesGet.exe.config	Modify this sample configuration file to setup your own web services instance.	

Contents	Description	
WebServicesGet.pdb	Microsoft debug file	
WebServicesGet.xml	Documentation of interface routines.	
WebServicesPost.exe	Sample application to test Post web services.	
WebServicesPost.exe.config	Modify this sample configuration file to setup your own web services instance.	
WebServicesPost.pdb	Microsoft debug file	
WebServicesPost.xml	Documentation of interface routines.	

5.3.0.2 .NET Framework SRC directory and subdirectories

Contents	Description	
Library	Provides access to the logging library.	
WebClient	Library of routines for web service Get and Post calls.	
WebServicesGet	Example of Get routine calls.	
WebServicesPost	Example of Post routine calls.	

4.5.4 Editing the WebServicesGet.exe.config file

This section describes the properties you are required to change in the WebServicesGet.exe.config file to have a working Get web services software set-up. If the distribution file is extracted to the C:\WebServices directory, the sample application (WebServicesGet.exe) runs and connects to the pre-production server with the editing of the following properties in the WebServicesGet.exe.config file:

- Host
- Username
- Password
- Participant
- Get requests

Important Notes:

- All web services software instances must have a corresponding WebServicesGet.exe.config file in the web services root directory.
- A change to the WebServicesGet.exe.config file requires an application restart, as the .exe.config file is only read at application start-up.

Figure 4-4: WebServicesGet.exe.config file

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<configuration>
 <level value="DEBUG"/>
<appender-ref ref="LogFileAppender"/>
                                                                </root>
                                                              value="%d{dd/MM/yyyy HH:mm:ss}, %-5p, - %m%n"/>
                                                                </appender>
                                               Open the process of t
                               <appSettings>
                                </appSettings>
<startup><supportedRuntime version="v4.0" sku=".NETFramework, version=v4.0"/></startup></configuration>
```

5.4.0.1 WebServicesGet.exe.config log4net parameters

If required, edit the parameter value in Table 4-2 below, in the log4net section of the WebServicesGet.exe.config file.

Table 4-2: WebServicesGet.exe config properties for the log4net section

Parameter name	Description	Value example
File *	Enter the path to the directory where you store your log files.	<pre><param name="File" value="c:\WebServices\log\WebServices Get.log"/></pre>

5.4.0.2 WebServicesGet.exe.config appSettings properties

Edit the properties in Table 4-3 below in the appSettings section of the WebServicesGet.exe.config file. Properties with an asterisk (*) are required.

Table 4-3: WebServicesGet.exe properties

Property	Description	Example
Protocol *	Use the secure HTTPS protocol.	<add key="Protocol" value="https"></add>
Host *	Specifies the AEMO server to connect to. Can optionally end in 443 to specify the port number of the web service. If the port number is not specified, the application defaults to the correct port number.	Pre-production: <add key="Host" value="msats.preprod.nemnet .NET.au:443"></add> Production: <add key="Host" value="msats.prod.nemnet .NET.au:443"></add>
ProxyAddress	Optional	<add key="ProxyAddress" value<br="">="192.168.0.104"/></add>
ProxyPort	Only needed if ProxyAddress is specified. Default is 8080. Must be an integer between 1 and 65,000.	<add key="ProxyPort" value="8080"></add>
Timeout	Adjust the timeout value so under normal conditions it does not produce errors. A value of 10,000 equivalent to 10 seconds is a good starting point. The value must be a positive integer.	<add <br="" key="Timeout">value="10000"/></add>
UserName *	Enter your MSATS User ID.	<add key="UserName" value="yo-
urMarketNetUserID"></add>
Password *	Enter your MSATS password.	<add key="Password" value="yo-
urMarketNetPassword"></add>
Participant *	Enter your MSATS participant ID. Usually upper case.	<add key="Participant" value="YourParticipantID"></add>

Property	Description	Example
Accept *	Determines the format of data requested, either XML or ZIP.	The .exe.config file must contain one of the following accept formats. To request the response returned as an XML file: <add key="Accept" value="text/xml"> To request the response compressed and returned as a ZIP file: <add key="Accept" value=" application/zip"></add></add>
Plo *	Set to the full path of your participant local outbox (plo) directory.	<add key="Plo" value="c:-
\webservices\plo"></add>
Console	Controls if the application puts log messages on the console window when running - must be a Boolean value.	<add key="Console" value="true"></add>
Add one of the five kinds of Get ca	ılls:	
DoNmiDetail	NMI Detail	<add key="DoNmiDetail" value="TX123, 1234567890, 0"></add>
DoNmiDiscoveryDpid	NMI Discovery by DPID	<add key="DoNmiDiscoveryDpid" value="NSW, TX123, 12345"></add>
DoNmiDiscoveryMeterSerial	NMI Discovery by Meter Serial	<add <br="" key="D-
oNmiDiscoveryMeterSerial">value="NSW, TX123, 12345"/></add>
DoNmiDiscoveryAddress	NMI Discovery by Address	<add key="D- oNmiDiscoveryAddress" value="NSW, TX123, , , , , , , , GEORGE, , , , 2000, NSW"></add>
DoMsatsLimits	MSATS Limits	<add key="DoMsatsLimits" value="TX123"></add>

4.5.5 Editing the WebServicesPost.exe.config file

This section describes the properties you are required to change in the WebServicesPost.exe.config file to have a working Post web services software set-up. If the distribution file is extracted to the C:\WebServices directory, the sample application (WebServicesPost.exe) runs and connects to the pre-production server with the editing of the following properties in the WebServicesPost.exe.config file:

Technical Guide to Web Services Software - Chapter 4 Web Services Client Software

- Host
- Participant
- Username
- Password

Important Notes:

- All web services software instances must have a corresponding WebServicesPost.exe.config file in the web services root directory.
- A change to the WebServicesPost.exe.config file requires an application restart, as the .exe.config file is only read at application start-up.

Figure 4-5: WebServicesPost.exe.config file

```
<
```

5.5.0.1 WebServicesPost.exe.config log4net parameters

If required, edit the parameter value in Table 4-4 on the facing page in the log4net section of the WebServicesPost.exe.config file.

Table 4-4: WebServicesPost.exe config properties for the log4net section

Parameter name	Description	Value example
File	Enter the path to the directory where you store your log files.	<pre><param name="File" value="c:- \webServices\log\webServicesPost.log"/></pre>

5.5.0.2 WebServicesPost.exe.config appSettings properties

Edit the properties in Table 4-5 belowin the appSettings section of the WebServicesPost.exe.config file. Key names with an asterisk (*) are required.

Table 4-5: WebServicesPost.exe properties

Property	Description	Example
Protocol *	Use the secure HTTPS protocol.	<add key="Protocol" value="https"></add>
Host *	Specifies the AEMO server to connect to. Can optionally end in 443 to specify the port number of the web service. If the port number is not specified, the application defaults to the correct port number.	Pre-production: <add key="Host" value="msats.preprod.nemnet .NET.au:443"></add> Production: <add key="Host" value="msats.prod.nemnet .NET.au:443"></add>
Timeout	Adjust the timeout value so under normal conditions it does not produce errors. A value of 10,000 equivalent to 10 seconds is a good starting point. The value must be a positive integer.	<add <br="" key="Timeout">value="10000"/></add>
ProxyAddress	Optional	<add key="ProxyAddress" value<br="">="10.20.28.74"/></add>
ProxyPort	Only needed if ProxyAddress is specified. Default is 8080. Must be an integer between 1 and 65,000.	<add key="ProxyPort" value="8080"></add>

Technical Guide to Web Services Software - Chapter 4 Web Services Client Software

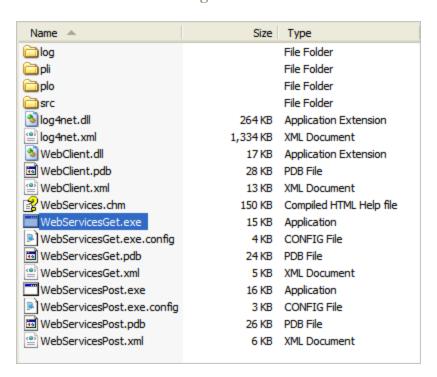
Property	Description	Example
Accept *	Requests the format and version of the response.	The .exe.config file must contain one of the following accept formats: To request the response returned as an XML file: <add key="Accept" value="text/xml"> To request the response compressed and returned as a ZIP file: <add key="Accept" value=" application/zip"></add></add>
Participant *	Enter your MSATS participant ID.	<add key="Participant" value="Yo-urParticipantID"></add>
Resource *	The resource must start and end with a forward slash (/). If you want to process two types of web service requests, e.g. NMI Discovery and NMI Detail, create two instances of the program with different masks (see MaskZIP and MaskXML) or pli directory to distinguish the input files (see § see "Web Services Client Software").	<add key="Resource" value="/msats/ws/NMIDiscovery/"></add>
Pli *	Set to the full path of your participant local inbox (pli) directory.	<add key="Pli" value="c:-
\webServices\pli"></add>
Plo *	Set to the full path of your participant local outbox (plo) directory.	<add key="Plo" value="c:-
\webServices\plo"></add>
MaskZip *	Used against the Pli directory to select .ZIP request files for posting.	<add key="MaskZip" value="*.zip"></add>
MaskXml *	Used against the Pli directory to select .XML format request files for posting.	<add key="MaskXml" value="*.xml"></add>
UserName *	Enter your MSATS User ID.	<add key="UserName" value="yo-
urMarketNetUserID"></add>
Password *	Enter your MSATS password.	<add key="Password" value=" yourMarketNetPassword "></add>
CycleInSec	Controls how long to wait between checks after the Pli directory is empty - must be an integer.	<add key="CycleInSec" value="10"></add>
Console	Controls if the application puts log messages on the console window when running - must be a Boolean value.	<add key="Console" value="true"></add>

4.5.6 Running the WebServicesGet.exe

To run the sample WebServicesGet.exe:

1. From the root directory or the command line, run the WebServicesGet.exe.

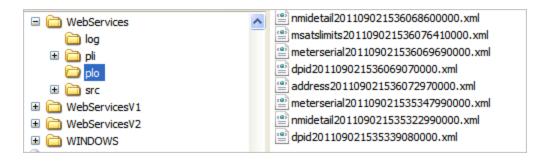
Be sure to edit the WebServicesGet.exe.config file first, see § 4.5.4 " Editing the WebServicesGet.exe.config file".



2. The web service script runs, watch for any errors.

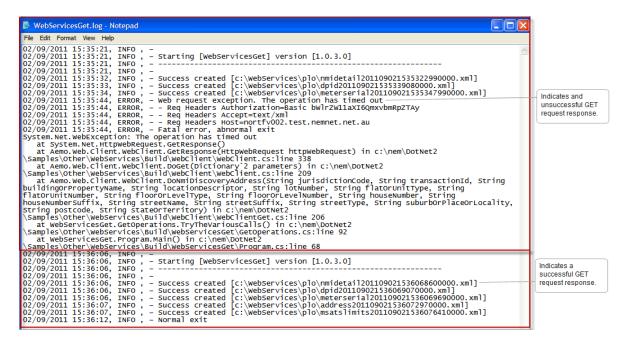
3. When the file is processed, a successful request is indicated by a response created in the participant outbox directory (plo).

Technical Guide to Web Services Software - Chapter 4 Web Services Client Software



4. Otherwise, check the WebServicesGet.log for any errors. Fix the errors and run the WebServicesGet.exe again until you have a working web services Get sample, see

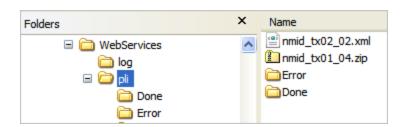
"Response Codes" on page 51 and see "Needing help?" on page 56.



4.5.7 Running the WebServicesPost.exe

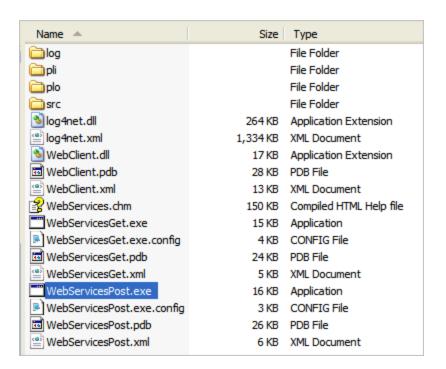
To run the sample WebServicesPost.exe:

1. Place a NMI Discovery web services request .XML or .ZIP file into the pli directory.



2. From the root directory or the command line, run the WebServicesPost.exe.

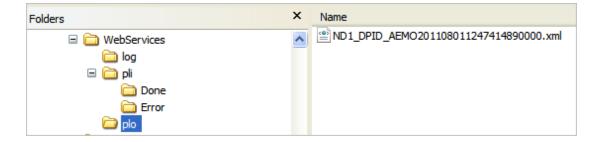
Be sure to edit the WebServicesPost.exe.config file first, see § 4.5.5 " Editing the WebServicesPost.exe.config file".



- 3. The web service script runs, watch for any errors.
- 4. While the WebServicesPost.exe is running, it checks periodically for a file.



5. When the script completes, a successful request is indicated by a response created in the participant outbox directory (plo).



6. Otherwise, check the WebServicesPost.log for any errors. Fix the errors and run the WebServicesPost.exe again until you have a working web services Get sample, see "Response Codes"51 and see "Needing help?"56.

Technical Guide to Web Services Software - Chapter 4 Web Services Client Software

4.5.8 Creating .NET Framework-based application instances

To make different web service request using the .NET Framework-based application, participants create multiple instances of the application in different locations (for example, one instance for NMI Discovery, and one for MSATS Limits). The .NET Framework-based application only processes one type of web service request within one instance.

Each instance must have corresponding .exe.config and web services.exe files in the application's root directory. Each instance is configured differently and can only connect to one AEMO server with one User ID.

To convert the working sample to another instance:

- 1. Copy the WebServices directory to another location on your participant systems.
- 2. Configure the new .exe.config files (see § 4.5.4 " Editing the Web-ServicesGet.exe.config file" and see § 4.5.5 " Editing the WebServicesPost.exe.config file").

4.6 Maintenance

The following housekeeping tasks are needed to keep your web services client software running smoothly:

- 1. Purge log files older than a specified date.
- 2. AEMO passwords have a 90-day expiry, so you need to have a password change process in place to ensure your password does not expire. In the event that your password expires or becomes locked out, please contact your Participant Administrator (who may need to contact the AEMO's Information and Support Hub, see "References" on page 59.

5 Library Functions

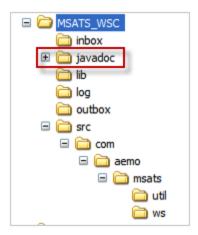
In this chapter:

5.1 Reference documentation	39
5.2 C4 NMI Master report library functions	40
5.3 MSATS Limits library functions	42
5.4 NMI Detail library functions	42
5.5 NMI Discovery library functions	44
5.6 NMI Discovery 3 library functions	48
5.7 Participant System Status library functions	49

5.1 Reference documentation

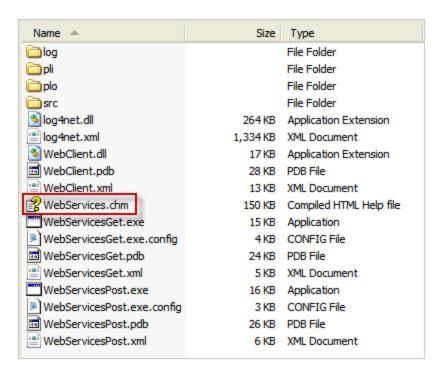
For further help with library functions, see the reference documentation in the relevant web services software directory:

• Java Platform, see the javadoc folder. To open, click index.html.



• .NET Framework application, see the WebServices.chm file (this file cannot be read from a network drive).

Technical Guide to Web Services Software - Chapter 5 Library Functions



5.2 C4 NMI Master report library functions

5.2.1 Contents

- 5.2.2 Get C4 NMI Master Report
- 5.2.3 Post C4 NMI Master Report

5.2.2 Get C4 NMI Master Report

Make a Get request to the C4 - NMI Master Report web service.

	Java	.NET Framework
Class	com.aemo.msats.ws.C4	No equivalent
Method	doC4(parameters)	library functions.
Parameters	transactionId: identifies the requestor's transaction. Make unique to enable tracking of request.	
	NMI: single NMI only.	
	fromDate: start date of change.	
	toDate: start date of change.	
	asatDate: view standing data from this date.	
	participantId: optional parameter, must be the same as the participant in the requesting URL and the "From" participant. Required for schema validation and consistency in output only.	
	roleId: optional parameter, valid CATS role, e.g. FRMP. Required for schema validation only—if not supplied, then the first valid role for the participant is used.	
	initTransId: optional parameter containing the transaction ID of the initiating participant.	
Return value	The aseXML web service response.	

5.2.3 Post C4 NMI Master Report

Make a Post request to the C4 – NMI Master Report web service by posting an aseXML file from the inbox. The file should contain a single, valid ReportRequest transaction. If the web service request is successful, the response file is written to the local outbox.

	Java	.NET Framework
Class	com.aemo.msats.ws.C4	No equivalent
Method	doC4(parameters)	library functions.
Parameters	dataFilename: the file to post from the inbox. requestContentType: defines the file type as XML or ZIP.	
Return value	The aseXML web service response written to the local outbox.	

5.3 MSATS Limits library functions

5.3.1 Contents

- 5.3.2 Get MSATS Limits
- 5.3.3 Post MSATS Limits

5.3.2 Get MSATS Limits

Make a Get request to the MSATS Limits web service.

	Java	.NET Framework
Class	com.aemo.msats.ws.MSATSLimits	Aemo.Web.Client.WebClient
Method	<pre>doMSATSLimitsTransid("trans- actionId")</pre>	DoMsatsLimits(string transactionId)
Parameters	transactionId: Identifies the requestor's transaction. Make unique to enable tracking of the request.	transactionId: Identifies the requestor's transaction. Make unique to enable tracking of the request.
Return value	The aseXML web service response.	The aseXML stream dependent on the accept content requested.

5.3.3 Post MSATS Limits

Make a request to the MSATS Limits web service by posting an aseXML file from the inbox. The file should contain a single, valid ReportRequest transaction. If the web service request is successful, the response file is written to the local outbox.

	Java	.NET Framework
Class	com.aemo.msats.ws.MSATSLimits	No equivalent
Method	<pre>doMSATSLimits ("dataFilename", "requestContentType")</pre>	library functions.
Parameters	dataFilename: the file to post from the inbox. requestContentType: defines the file type as XML or ZIP.	
Return value	The aseXML web service response written to the local outbox.	

5.4 NMI Detail library functions

5.4.1 Contents

- 5.4.2 Get NMI Detail
- 5.4.3 Post NMI Detail

5.4.2 Get NMI Detail

Make a Get request to the NMI Detail web service to fetch details for a specific NMI.

	Java	.NET Framework
Class	com.aemo.msats.ws.NMIDetail	Aemo.Web.Client.WebClient
Method	<pre>doNmiDetail("transactionId", "nmi", "checksum")</pre>	DoNmiDetail(string transactionId, string nmi, string checksum)
Parameters	transactionId: identifies the requestor's transaction. Make unique to enable tracking of request.	transactionId: identifies the requestor's transaction. Make unique to enable tracking of request.
	nmi: identifies which national metering identifier (NMI) to fetch details for.	nmi: identifies which national metering identifier (NMI) to fetch details for.
	checksum: single character string to check the NMI.	checksum: single character string to check the NMI.
Return value	The aseXML web service response.	The aseXML stream dependent on the accept content requested.

5.4.3 Post NMI Detail

Make a request to the NMI Detail web service by posting an aseXML file from the inbox. The file should contain a single, valid NMIStandingDataRequest transaction. If the web service request is successful, the response file is written to the local outbox.

	Java	.NET Framework
Class	com.aemo.msats.ws.NMIDetail	Aemo.Web.Client.WebClient
Method	<pre>doNmiDetail("filename.xml", "text/xml")</pre>	DoNmiDetail(string dataFileName, string requestContentType)
Parameters	dataFilename (Java), dataFileName (.NET): the aseXML file to post from the inbox.	dataFilename (Java), dataFileName (.NET): the aseXML file to post from the inbox.
	requestContentType: defines the file type as XML (text/xml) or ZIP (application/zip). Can include the web service version and schema version.	requestContentType: defines the file type as XML (text/xml) or ZIP (application/zip). Can include the web service version and schema version.
Return value	The aseXML web service response written to the local outbox.	The aseXML stream dependent on the accept content requested.

5.5 NMI Discovery library functions

5.5.1 Contents

- 5.5.2 Get NMI Discovery by DPID
- 5.5.3 Post NMI Discovery by DPID
- 5.5.4 Get NMI Discovery by meter serial
- 5.5.5 Post NMI Discovery by meter serial
- 5.5.6 Get NMI Discovery by address
- 5.5.7 Post NMI Discovery by address

5.5.2 Get NMI Discovery by DPID

Make a Get request to the NMI Discovery web service to search for NMIs by delivery point identifier.

	Java	.NET Framework
Class	com.aemo.msats.ws.NMIDiscovery	Aemo.Web.Client.WebClient
Method	<pre>doNmiDiscoveryDpid("juris- dictionCode", "transactionId", "deliveryPointIdentifier")</pre>	Method: DoNmiDiscoveryDpid(string juris-dictionCode, string transactionId, string deliveryPointIdentifier)
Parameters	jurisdictionCode: nominates a jurisdiction to search for e.g. NSW.	jurisdictionCode: nominates a jurisdiction to search for e.g. NSW.
	transactionId: identifies the requestor's transaction. Make unique to enable tracking of request.	transactionId: identifies the requestor's transaction. Make unique to enable tracking of request.
	deliveryPointIdentifier: the postal delivery point to search for.	deliveryPointIdentifier: the postal delivery point to search for.
Return value	The aseXML web service response.	The aseXML stream dependent on the accept content requested.

5.5.3 Post NMI Discovery by DPID

Make a request to the NMI Discovery web service by posting an aseXML file from the inbox. The file should contain a single, valid NMIDiscoveryRequest transaction. If the web service request is successful, the response file is written to the outbox.

	Java	.NET Framework
Class	com.aemo.msats.ws.NMIDiscovery	Aemo.Web.Client.WebClient
Method	<pre>doNmiDiscovery("dataFilename", "requestContentType")</pre>	DoNmiDiscovery(string dataFileName, string requestContentType)

	Java	.NET Framework
Parameters	dataFilename: the aseXML file to post from the inbox.	dataFileName: the aseXML file to post from the inbox.
	requestContentType: defines the file type as XML (text/xml) or ZIP (application/zip). Can include web service and schema version.	requestContentType: defines the file type as XML (text/xml) or ZIP (application/zip). Can include web service and schema version.
Return value	The aseXML web service response written to the local outbox.	The aseXML stream dependent on the accept content requested.

5.5.4 Get NMI Discovery by meter serial

Make a Get request to the NMI Discovery web service to search for NMIs by meter serial number.

	Java	.NET Framework
Class	com.aemo.msats.ws.NMIDiscovery	Aemo.Web.Client.WebClient
Method	<pre>doNmiDiscoveryMeterSerial("juris- dictionCode", "transactionId", "meterSerialNumber")</pre>	DoNmiDiscoveryMeterSerial(string jurisdictionCode, string transactionId, string meterSerialNumber)
Parameters	jurisdictionCode: nominates a jurisdiction to search for e.g. NSW.	jurisdictionCode: nominates a jurisdiction to search for e.g. NSW.
	transactionId: identifies the requestor's transaction. Make unique to enable tracking of request.	transactionId: identifies the requestor's transaction. Make unique to enable tracking of request.
	meterSerialNumber: the meter serial number to search for.	meterSerialNumber: the meter serial number to search for.
Return Value	The aseXML web service response dependent on the content requested.	The aseXML stream dependent on the accept content requested.

5.5.5 Post NMI Discovery by meter serial

Make a request to the NMI Discovery web service by Posting an aseXML file from the inbox. The file should contain a single, valid NMIDiscoveryRequest transaction. If the web service request is successful, the response file is written to the outbox.

Technical Guide to Web Services Software - Chapter 5 Library Functions

	Java	.NET Framework	
Class	com.aemo.msats.ws.NMIDiscovery	No equivalent	
Method	<pre>doNmiDiscovery("dataFilename", "requestContentType")</pre>	library functions.	
Parameters	dataFilename: the file to post from the inbox. requestContentType: defines the file type as XML or ZIP.		
Return value	The aseXML web service response written to the outbox, dependent on the content requested.		

5.5.6 Get NMI Discovery by address

Make a Get request to the NMI Discovery web service to search for NMIs by address. Either a suburbOrPlaceOrLocality, a postcode, or both values must be provided. A stateOrTerritory value must be provided. Other address parameters can be null.

	Java	.NET Framework
Class	com.aemo.msats.ws.NMIDiscovery	Aemo.Web.Client.WebClient
Method	donmiDiscoveryAddress("juris-dictionCode", "transactionId", "buildingOrPropertyName", "locationDescriptor", "lotNumber", "flatOrUnitType", "fla-tOrUnitNumber", "floor-OrLevelType", "floor-Number", "house-Number", "houseNumberSuffix", "streetName", "streetSuffix", "streetType", "sub-urbOrPlaceOrLocality", "post-code", "stateOrTerritory")	DonmiDiscoveryAddress(string jurisdictionCode, string transactionId, string buildingOrPropertyName, string locationDescriptor, string lotNumber, string flatOrUnitType, string flatOrUnitNumber, string floorOrLevelType, string floorOrLevelNumber, string houseNumber, string houseNumber, string streetName, string streetSuffix, string streetType, string suburbOrPlaceOrLocality, string postcode, string stateOrTerritory)

	Java	.NET Framework
Parameters	jurisdictionCode: nominates a jurisdiction to search for e.g. NSW.	jurisdictionCode: nominates a jurisdiction to search for e.g. NSW.
	transactionId: identifies the requestor's transaction. Make unique to enable tracking of request.	transactionId: identifies the requestor's transaction. Make unique to enable tracking of request.
	buildingOrPropertyName: building or property name as per Australian Standard	buildingOrPropertyName: building or property name as per Australian Standard AS4590.
	AS4590. locationDescriptor: location	locationDescriptor: location descriptor as per Australian Standard AS4590.
	descriptor as per Australian Standard AS4590.	lotNumber: lot number as per Australian Standard AS4590.
	lotNumber: lot number as per Australian Standard AS4590.	flatOrUnitType: flat or unit types as per Australian Standard AS4590:2006.
	flatOrUnitType: flat or unit types as per Australian Standard AS4590:2006.	flatOrUnitNumber: flat or unit number as per Australian Standard AS4590.
	flatorUnitNumber: flat or unit number as per Australian Standard AS4590.	floorOrLevelType: floor or level types as per Australian Standard AS4590:2006.
	floorOrLevelType: floor or level types as per Australian Standard AS4590:2006.	floorOrLevelNumber: floor or level number as per Australian Standard AS4590.
	floorOrLevelNumber: floor or level number as per Australian Standard AS4590.	houseNumber: house number as per Australian Standard AS4590.
	houseNumber: house number as per Australian Standard AS4590.	houseNumberSuffix: house number suffix as per Australian Standard AS4590.
	houseNumberSuffix: house number suffix as per Australian Standard AS4590.	streetName: street name as per Australian Standard AS4590.
	streetName: street name as per Australian Standard AS4590.	streetSuffix: street suffixes as per Australian Standard AS4590:2006.
	streetSuffix: street suffixes as per Australian Standard AS4590:2006.	streetType: street types as per Australian Standard AS4590:2006.
	streetType: street types as per Australian Standard AS4590:2006.	suburbOrPlaceOrLocality: suburb or locality as per Australian Standard AS4590.
	suburbOrPlaceOrLocality: suburb or locality as per Australian Standard	postcode: Australian postcode as per Australian Standard AS4590.
	AS4590. postcode: Australian postcode as per Australian Standard AS4590.	stateOrTerritory: Australian states and territories as per Australian Standard AS4590.

Technical Guide to Web Services Software - Chapter 5 Library Functions

	Java	.NET Framework
	stateOrTerritory: Australian states and territories as per Australian Standard AS4590.	
Return value	The aseXML web service response dependent on the content requested.	The aseXML stream dependent on the accept content requested.

5.5.7 Post NMI Discovery by address

	Java	.NET Framework
Class	com.aemo.msats.ws.NMIDiscovery	No equivalent library
Method	<pre>doNmiDiscovery("dataFilename", "reque- stContentType")</pre>	functions.
Parameters	dataFilename: the file to post from the inbox.	
	requestContentType: defines the file type as XML or ZIP.	
Return value	The response file is written to the local outbox.	

5.6 NMI Discovery 3 library functions

5.6.1 Contents

- 5.6.2 Get NMI Discovery Type 3
- 5.6.3 Post NMI Discovery Type 3

5.6.2 Get NMI Discovery Type 3

Make a Get request to the NMI Discovery Type 3 web service.

	Java	.NET Framework
Class	com.aemo.ws.msats.NMIDetail.	No equivalent
Method	<pre>donMIDetail ("transactionId", "nmi", "checksum", "type",</pre>	library functions.
Parameters	nmi, checksum, type, reason, transactionId: identifies the requestor's transaction; make unique to enable tracking of request.	
Return value	The aseXML web service response.	

5.6.3 Post NMI Discovery Type 3

Make a request to the NMI Discovery Type 3 web service by posting a valid aseXML file, containing a NMI Detail transaction request, from the local inbox. If the web service request is successful, the response file is written to the local outbox.

	Java	.NET Frame- work
Class	com.aemo.ws.msats.NMIDetail.	No
Method	<pre>doNMIDetail ("transactionId", "nmi", "checksum", "type",</pre>	equivalent library functions.
Param- eters	dataFilename: aseXML file to post from the inbox. requestContentType: defines the file type as XML (text/xml) or ZIP (application/zip). Can include the web service version and schema version.	
Return value	The aseXML web service response written to the local outbox.	

5.7 Participant System Status library functions

5.7.1 Contents

- 5.7.2 Get Participant System Status
- 5.7.3 Post Participant System Status

5.7.2 Get Participant System Status

Make a Get request to the Participant System Status web service.

	Java	.NET Frame- work
Class	com.aemo.msats.ws.ParticipantSystemStatusBean	No
Method	doParticipantSystemStatusTransid("transactionId")	equivalent library
Param- eters	transactionId: identifies the requestor's transaction. Make unique to enable tracking of request.	functions.
Return value	The aseXML web service response.	

Technical Guide to Web Services Software - Chapter 5 Library Functions

5.7.3 Post Participant System Status

Make a request to the Participant System Status web service by posting a valid aseXML file, containing a report transaction request, from the local inbox. If the web service request is successful, the response file is written to the local outbox.

	Java	.NET Frame- work
Class	com.aemo.ws.msats.ParticipantSystemStatusBean	No
Method	<pre>dodoParticipantSystemStatus("dataFilename", "requestContentType")</pre>	equivalent library
Param- eters	dataFilename: aseXML file to post from the inbox. requestContentType: defines the file type as XML (text/xml) or ZIP (application/zip). Can include the web service version and schema version.	functions.
Return value	The aseXML web service response written to the local outbox.	

6 Response Codes

In this chapter:

6.1 Contents	51
6.2 Console and log file responses	51
6.3 Java software response codes	52
6.4 Microsoft .NET Framework-based web services client software response codes .	53

6.1 Contents

- 6.2 Console and log file responses
- 6.3 Java software response codes
- 6.4 Microsoft .NET Framework-based web services client software response codes

6.2 Console and log file responses

All response codes are listed in the log file and on the console, for example:

Figure 6-1: console response example

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\Develop\MSATS_WSC>nmid_fail.cmd

MSATS Web Service API

Parameter List:
    nmid_fail.properties
    NMIDetail
    file=nmid_fail.xml
    type=text/xml

Feb 13, 2013 10:37:14 AM com.aemo.msats.util.Constants setConstants

INFO: Constants#setConstants(): LogManager configured.

Testing doNmiDetail() ...

Response Code: 400 - Bad Request
Response Detail: text/html; UTF-8; null

<HTML><HEAD><TITLE>400 Bad Request</HI>
<NMI not found<br/>
*MI not found<br/>
*MI not found<br/>
*MSATS_WSC>

C:\Develop\MSATS_WSC>
```

Figure 6-2: log file response example

```
16/08/2011 16:14:20, ERROR, – Web request exception. The remote server returned an
error: (403) Forbidden.
16/08/2011 16:14:20, ERROR, - - Req Headers Authorization=Basic
bWlrZW11aXI6QmxvbmRpZTAy
16/08/2011 16:14:20, ERROR, - - Req Headers Accept=text/xml
16/08/2011 16:14:20, ERROR, - - Req Headers Host=002.test.nemnet.NET.au
16/08/2011 16:14:20, ERROR, - - Req Headers Connection=Keep-Alive
16/08/2011 16:14:20, ERROR, -- Response < HTML > < HEAD > < TITLE > 403
Forbidden</TITLE></HEAD>
<BODY><H1>403 Forbidden</H1>Invalid Authorization header<BR/> </BODY></HTML>
16/08/2011 16:14:20, ERROR, - Fatal error, abnormal exit
System.NET.WebException: The remote server returned an error: (403) Forbidden.
 at System.NET.HttpWebRequest.GetResponse()
 at Aemo.Web.Client.WebClient.GetResponse(HttpWebRequest httpWebRequest) in
C:\nem\DotNet2\Samples\Other\WebServices\WebClient\WebClient.cs:line 338
 at Aemo.Web.Client.WebClient.DoGet(Dictionary`2 parameters) in
C:\nem\DotNet2\Samples\Other\WebServices\WebClient\WebClient.cs:line 209
 at Aemo.Web.Client.WebClient.DoNmiDetail(String transactionId, String nmi, String
checksum) in
C:\nem\DotNet2\Samples\Other\WebServices\WebClient\WebClientGet.cs:line 75
  at WebServicesGet.GetOperations.TryTheVariousCalls() in
C:\nem\DotNet2\Samples\Other\WebServices\WebServicesGet\GetOperations.cs:line 74
 at WebServicesGet.Program.Main() in
C:\nem\DotNet2\Samples\Other\WebServices\WebServicesGet\Program.cs:line 68
```

6.3 Java software response codes

This table lists some of the response codes displayed in the log file or on the console.

Table 6-1: Java software response codes

Code	Description
200 Indicates a successful request.	
400	No <participantid> provided in the request.</participantid>
The WWW-Authenticate: Basic realm=" <applicationid>" header is not provided.</applicationid>	
403	The user credentials cannot be decoded and authenticated.
404	The webpage cannot be found.
405	The requested method is not supported.
406	The version specified in the header is not supported.

Code	Description
The posted file has exceeded its limit of 1 MB.	
500	AEMO Internal Server Error
503	The configured limit for concurrent requests or request rate is exceeded.

6.4 Microsoft .NET Framework-based web services client software response codes

This table lists some of the response codes in the WebClient.dll library. The response codes are found in the log file or displayed on the console. For further help with parameter values, see "Library Functions" on page 39.

Table 6-2: MS .NET Framework-based software response codes

Problem	Error
Action routine	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: WebClient errorAction routine cannot be null Parameter name: errorAction
Content type	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoPost with null or empty contentType Parameter name: contentType
Host key value is missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: WebClient.Host is null or empty Parameter name: Host
MSATS Limits request transactionId missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoMsatsLimits transactionId cannot be null or empty Parameter name: transactionId
NMI Detail request Checksum missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoNmiDetail Checksum cannot be null or empty Parameter name: checksum
NMI Detail request ContentType missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoNmiDetail requestContentType cannot be null or empty Parameter name: requestContentType
NMI Detail request dataFilename missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoNmiDetail dataFilename cannot be null or empty Parameter name: dataFileName
NMI Detail request Nmi missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoNmiDetail Nmi cannot be null or empty Parameter name: nmi
NMI Detail request TransactionId missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoNmiDetail TransactionId cannot be null or empty Parameter name: transactionId
NMI Discovery address search jurisdictionCode missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoNmiDiscoveryAddress jurisdictionCode cannot be null or empty Parameter name: jurisdictionCode
NMI Discovery address search transactionId missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoNmiDiscoveryAddress transactionId cannot be null or empty Parameter name: transactionId

Technical Guide to Web Services Software - Chapter 6 Response Codes

Problem	Error
NMI Discovery DPID search deliveryPointIdentifier missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoNmiDiscoveryDpid deliveryPointIdentifier cannot be null or empty Parameter name: deliveryPointIdentifier
NMI Discovery DPID search jurisdictionCode missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoNmiDiscoveryDpid jurisdictionCode cannot be null or empty Parameter name: jurisdictionCode
NMI Discovery DPID search transactionId missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoNmiDiscoveryDpid transactionId cannot be null or empty Parameter name: transactionId
NMI Discovery meter serial search jurisdictionCode missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoNmiDiscoveryMeterSerial jurisdictionCode cannot be null or empty Parameter name: jurisdictionCode
NMI Discovery meter serial search meterSerialNumber missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoNmiDiscoveryMeterSerial meterSerialNumber cannot be null or empty Parameter name: meterSerialNumber
NMI Discovery meter serial search transactionId missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoNmiDiscoveryMeterSerial transactionId cannot be null or empty Parameter name: transactionId
NMI Discovery request dataFileName missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoNmiDiscovery dataFileName cannot be null or empty Parameter name: dataFileName
NMI Discovery request requestContentType missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoNmiDiscovery requestContentType cannot be null or empty Parameter name: requestContentType
Participant key value is missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: WebClient.Participant cannot be null or empty Parameter name: participant
Password key value is missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: WebClient.Password cannot be null or empty Parameter name: password
Protocol key value must be http or https.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentException: WebClient.Protocol incorrect must be http or https
ProxyPort key value is incorrect.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentException: WebClient.ProxyPort is not a +ve integer or is > 65535
Remote server	Web request exception. The remote server returned an error: xxxxxxxxxxx.
Resource key value is incorrect.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentException: WebClient.Resource must start and end with /
Resource key value is missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: WebClientResource string cannot be null or empty Parameter name: resource
Null Post Data	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoPost with null post data stream Parameter name: streamPostData

Technical Guide to Web Services Software - Chapter 6 Response Codes

Problem	Error
Timeout key value is incorrect.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentException: Timeout value in milliseconds cannot be zero or -ve
UserName key value is missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: WebClient.Username cannot be null or empty Parameter name: username

This table lists some of the WebServicesGet and WebServicesPost response codes. All configuration parameters in the .exe.config files are checked and must be either, not null and non-blank, otherwise the following errors are produced.

Problem	Error
Config item is blank	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: Value cannot be null. Parameter name: Config item blank [xxxx]
Config item is null	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: Value cannot be null. Parameter name: Config item null [xxxx]
NMI Detail Checksum is missing.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.ArgumentNullException: DoNmiDetail Checksum cannot be null or empty Parameter name: xxxxx
Protocol incorrect, must be http or https.	Fatal error, abnormal exit System.FormatException: Protocol incorrect must be http or https

6 Needing help?

In this chapter:

6.5 Authentication errors	56
6.6 .NET Framework-based web services client software	56
6.7 Other errors	57
6.8 AEMO's Information and Support Hub	57

6.5 Authentication errors

• Check credentials (passwords do expire).

Java Platform web services client software

- Is your web services software sample installed on your C:\ drive and not on a network drive?
- Do the settings in the setenv.cmd and the .properties file match the location of your Java installation?
- Is your Java developer version 7 or above? To check, use java -version in the command line.
- Have you edited sample.properties file, especially http.username, http.password, participant?
- Do the inbox, outbox, truststore and keystore properties have the correct paths?
- Do the path locations in your .properties file have forward slashes and not backslashes?
- Are the sample.properties and sample.CMD files in the application root directory?

6.6 .NET Framework-based web services client software

- Is your web services software sample installed on your C:\ drive and not on a network drive?
- Is your .NET Framework version 4?
- Have you edited the WebServicesGet.exe.config file, especially File, Participant, Username, Password, Host, and selected a Get request?
- Have you edited the WebServicesPost.exe.config file, especially File, Participant, Username, Password, and Host?
- Do the pli and plo key values have the correct paths?

- If your application is stopping or exiting with an error, check:
 - All required property values exist in the .exe.config file.
 - The submitting .XML file in the pli directory is correct.
- Are the WebServicesPost.exe.config and WebServicesPost.exe files in the application root directory?
- For new instances, do your .exe.config and .exe files have the same name, for example, WebServicesPost.exe.config and WebServicesPost.exe?

6.7 Other errors

 Do you have the latest release of AEMO's web services client software for your participant environment?

6.8 AEMO's Information and Support Hub

6.8.1 Contacting AEMO's Information and Support Hub

IT assistance is requested through AEMO's Information and Support Hub using one of the following methods:

- Phone: 1300 AEMO 00 (1300 226 600) and follow the prompts.
 - For non-urgent issues, normal coverage is 8:00 AM to 6:00 PM on weekdays, Eastern Standard Time (EST).
- Email: supporthub@aemo.com.au
- The Customer Portal, http://helpdesk.preprod.nemnet.net.au/nemhelplite/ allows you to log your own requests for assistance. For access credentials, see your company's IT security contact or PA.

Please note that AEMO recommends participants call AEMO's Information and Support Hub for all urgent issues, whether or not you have logged a call in the Customer Portal.

6.8.2 What can I check before requesting IT assistance from AEMO?

- Check the status of your organisation's IT systems with your internal IT department.
- Check the status of AEMO's production market systems. Call 1300 AEMO oo (1300 236 600) and following the prompts to listen to the recording.
- Check the "Needing Help" section of AEMO's user guides. To obtain guides, see Using Energy Market Information Systems.
- Check the IT Assistance topics on AEMO's website.

Technical Guide to Web Services Software - Chapter 6 Needing help?

6.8.3 Information to provide AEMO

Please provide the following information when requesting IT assistance from AEMO:

- · Your name
- Organisation name
- Participant ID
- System or application name
- Environment: production or pre-production
- Problem description
- Steps that caused the problem
- Screenshots

For AEMO software-related issues please also provide:

- Version of software
- Logs of abnormal behaviour
- Properties file
- Diagram of your organisation's IT architecture
- Can you reproduce the problem?

6 References

The resources listed in this section contain additional related information that may assist you.

In this chapter:

6.9 Rules, Law, and Government Bodies	59
6.10 Oracle	59
6.11 AEMO's website	59
6.12 Feedback	61

6.9 Rules, Law, and Government Bodies

- "Australian Energy Market Commission" (AEMC), electricity and gas rules http://www.aemc.gov.au/index.html. Viewed 06 February 2013.
- "Australian Energy Regulator (AER)", www.aer.gov.au. Viewed o6 February 2013.

6.10 Oracle

• "Oracle Downloads", SE 7 JRE and JDK downloads:http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/index.html. Viewed 21 March 2013.

6.11 AEMO's website

You can find the following resources on AEMO's website:

- "aseXML Standards", help with aseXML, including guidelines, schemas, change process, sample files and white papers, http://www.aemo.com.au/About-the-Industry/Information-Systems/aseXML-Standards (Home>About the Industry>Information Systems>aseXML Standards). Viewed 30 January 2013.
- Guide to User Rights Management, http://www.aemo.com.au/About-the-Industry/Information-Systems/Using-Energy-Market-Information-Systems (Home > About the Industry > Information Systems). Viewed 15 February 2013.
- Guide to Web Services, http://aemo.com.au/About-the-Industry/Information-Systems/Using-Energy-Market-Information-Systems#Web_Services (Home > About the Industry > Information Systems > Using Energy Market Information Systems). Viewed 14 March 2013.

- "IT Assistance", information to assist participants with IT related issues:
 http://www.aemo.com.au/About-the-Industry/Information-Systems/IT-Assistance

 (Home > About the Industry > Information Systems > IT Assistance). Viewed 15
 February 2013.
- "MSATS B2B User Interface Guide", http://www.aemo.com.au/Electricity/Policies-and-Procedures/Market-Settlement-and-Transfer-Solutions/MSATS-Participant-User-Interface-Guides (Home > Electricity > Policies & Procedures > MSATS > MSATS Participant User Interface Guides). Viewed 11 February 2013.
- MSATS NMI Discovery Questions and Answers, contains answers compiled in response to questions from participants asking how to get the best results from the MSATS NMI Discovery features. Its purpose is to assist participants' staff who are actively involved in discovering NMIs through MSATS. See http://www.aemo.com.au/Electricity/Policies-and-Procedures/Market-Settlement-and-Transfer-Solutions/NMI-Discovery-Questions-and-Answers (Home>Electricity>Policies & Procedures>MSATS>NMI Discovery Questions and Answers). Viewed 15 February 2013.
- "MSATS Participant User Interface Guides", http://www.aemo.com.au/Electricity/Policies-and-Procedures/Market-Settlement-and-Transfer-Solutions/MSATS-Participant-User-Interface-Guides (Home > Electricity > Policies & Procedures > MSATS > MSATS
 Participant User Interface Guides). Viewed 21 February 2013.
- "RESTful Web Services: *The basics*", http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/webservices/library/ws-restful/. Viewed 06 February 2013.
- Technical Guide to Electricity IT Systems, http://aemo.com.au/About-the-Industry/Information-Systems/Using-Energy-Market-Information-Systems). Viewed 15 February 2013.
- "Guide to Transition of aseXML", http://www.aemo.com.au/About-the-Industry/Information-Systems/Using-Energy-Market-Information-Systems > About the Industry > Information Systems > Using Energy Market Information Systems). Viewed 04 February 2013.
 - Note: AEMO can change the version of aseXML for output, but the timing does not always suit data recipients. To assist data recipients with making the transition, AEMO supports the delivery of both the new and immediately superseded versions of aseXML data. Each participant receives data conforming to one of the versions at any one time.
- "Using Energy Market Information Systems", IT systems documentation and software: http://www.aemo.com.au/About-the-Industry/Information-Systems/Using-Energy-Market-Information-Systems (Home > About the Industry > Information Systems > Using Energy Market Information Systems). Viewed 15 February 2013.

6.12 Feedback

To suggest corrections to this document, please contact Information and Support Hub.

Extracting the Java distribution file 16

6 Index

	F
•	Figures iv
.NET Framework-based web services client software quick start guide 25	File size limits 9
.NET Framework root directory 27	G
.NET Framework SRC directory and subdirectories 28	GET NMI Discovery by address 46
Α	GET NMI Discovery by meter serial 45
Accept 31, 34	Glossary v
aseXML 7	
aseXML version 7	Н
	Headers 9
С	Host 30, 33
C4 NMI Master report library functions 40	HTTP Processing 19
Configuring the Java .properties file 18	http.accept 20
Console 31, 34	http.host 20
Creating .NET Framework-based application instances 38	http.password 20
Creating Java web services client software instances 25	http.port 20
CycleInSec 34	http.protocol 19
•	http.timeout 20
D	http.username 20
DoMsatsLimits 31	HTTPS requests 8
DoNmiDetail 31	HTTPS responses 11
DoNmiDiscoveryAddress 31	1
DoNmiDiscoveryDpid 31	
DoNmiDiscoveryMeterSerial 31	inbox 21
Downloading the .NET Framework-based web services client software 26	Information and Support Hub 57
Downloading the Java web services client software 16	Java Platform 14
E	Java root directory 17
Editing the WebServicesGet.exe.config file 28	Java software response codes 52
Editing the WebServicesPost.exe.config file 31	Java SRC directory and subdirectories 17
Extracting the .NET Framework-based distribution file 26	Java web services client software quick start guide 15

Technical Guide to Web Services Software

Java web services client software response codes 52	Pli 34
javax.NET.debug 19	Plo 31, 34
K	POST NMI Discovery by address library functions 48
keystore 20	POST NMI Discovery by meter serial library functions 45
keystore.password 21	Protocol 30, 33
keystore.type 20	proxy.host 20
L	proxy.port 20
	ProxyAddress 30, 33
Library Functions 39	ProxyPort 30, 33
Logging configuration 21	R
M	requesting IT assistance 57
Maintenance 38	Resource 34
MaskXml 34	Response Codes 51
MaskZip 34 Microsoft .NET Framework-based application 15	RESTful architecture 3
	Running the Java web services client software 22
Microsoft .NET Framework-based web services client software response codes 53	Running the WebServicesGet.exe 35
MS .NET Framework-based software response	Running the WebServicesPost.exe 36
codes 53	S
MSATS Limits library functions 42	
N	Security and authentication 8
NMI Detail library functions 42	System requirements 5
NMI Discovery 3 library functions 48	Т
NMI Discovery library functions 44	Tables v
0	Timeout 30, 33
putbox 21	trustore 21
	truststore.password 21
	truststore.type 21
participant 20	U
Participant 30, 34	URL 8
Participant System Status library functions 49	User access 8
Password 30,34	UserName 30, 34
Performing a GET request from Internet Explorer 10	

Technical Guide to Web Services Software

W

Web Services Client Software 13

WebServicesGet.exe.config appSettings properties 30

WebServicesGet.exe.config log4net parameters 29

WebServicesPost.exe.config appSettings properties 33

WebServicesPost.exe.config log4net parameters 32